



# Notice

Please contact Agilent Technologies for the latest information or check the ESG Web site at www.agilent.com/find/esg



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### Introduction

Agilent Technologies E4438C ESG vector signal generator incorporates a broad array of capabilities for testing both analog and digital communications systems. Flexible options provide test solutions that will evaluate the performance of nearly all current and proposed air interface standards. Many test functions can be customized to meet the needs of proprietary and other nonstandard wireless protocols as well. You can configure your instrument to address a wide variety of tests—from altering nearly every aspect of a digital signal or signal operating environment, to creating experimental signals. This flexibility, along with an architecture that accepts future enhancements makes the E4438C ESG vector signal generator an excellent choice for wireless communications system testing now and in the future.

Choose your required frequency range as an *Option* when configuring your E4438C ESG vector signal generator. Please refer to the *E4438C Configuration Guide* for complete ordering information. Literature number 5988-4085EN.

#### Definitions

**E4438C ESG** 

vector signal generator



**Specifications (spec):** Specifications describe the instrument's warranted performance and apply after a 45 minute warm-up. All specifications are valid over the signal generators entire operating/environmental range unless otherwise noted. Supplemental characteristics, denoted typical or nominal, provide additional [nonwarranted] information useful in applying the instrument. Column headings labeled "standard" imply that this level of performance is standard, without regard for option configuration. If a particular option configuration modifies the standard performance, that performance is given in a separate column.

**Typical (typ)**: performance is not warranted. It applies at 25°C. 80% of all products meet typical performance.

**Nominal (nom):** values are not warranted. They represent the value of a parameter that is most likely to occur; the expected or mean value. They are included to facilitate the application of the product.

**Standard (std):** No options are included when referring to the signal generator unless noted otherwise.

## **Key Features**

### Key standard features

- Expandable architecture
- Broad frequency coverage
- Choice of electronic or mechanical attenuator
- Superior level accuracy
- Wideband FM and  $\Phi M$
- Step and list sweep, both frequency and power
- Built-in function generator
- Lightweight, rack-mountable
- 1-year standard warranty
- 2-year calibration cycle
- Broadband analog I/O inputs
- I/Q adjustment capabilities and internal calibration routine
- Excellent modulation accuracy and stability
- Coherent carrier output up to 4 GHz

### **Optional features**

- Internal baseband generator, 8 or 64 MSa (40 or 320 MB) memory with digital bus capability
- ESG digital input or output connectivity with N5102A Baseband Studio digital signal interface module
- 6 GB internal hard drive
- Internal bit error rate (BER) analyzer
- High-stability time-base
- Enhanced phase noise performance
- High output power with mechanical attenuator
- Move all front panel connectors to the rear panel
- 3GPP W-CDMA FDD personality
- cdma2000 and IS-95-A personality
- TDMA personality (GSM, EDGE, GPRS, EGPRS, NADC, PDC, PHS, DECT, TETRA)
- · Calibrated noise (AWGN) personality
- GPS personality
- Signal Studio for 1xEV-DO
   Signal Studio for 1xEV/DV and adma200
- Signal Studio for 1xEV-DV and cdma2000
- Signal Studio for 802.11 WLAN
- Signal Studio for *Bluetooth*™
- Signal Studio for enhanced multitone
- Signal Studio for HSDPA over W-CDMA
- Signal Studio for TD-SCDMA (TSM)
- Signal Studio for noise power ratio (NPR)

This document contains the measured specifications for the instrument platform and personalities. It does not contain a full list of features for all optional personalities. Please consult the individual product overviews for each personality for a full listing of all features and capabilities. These are listed at the end of this document.

#### Frequency

#### **Frequency range**

| Option <sup>1</sup> |                    |                         |                    |                         |                    |             |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 501                 | 250                | kHz to 1 GHz            |                    |                         |                    |             |
| 502                 | 250                | kHz to 2 GHz            |                    |                         |                    |             |
| 503                 | 250                | kHz to 3 GHz            |                    |                         |                    |             |
| 504                 | 250                | kHz to 4 GHz            |                    |                         |                    |             |
| 506                 | 250                | kHz to 6 GHz [re        | quires Op          | tion UNJ]               |                    |             |
| Frequency min       | imum               | 100 kHz <sup>2</sup>    |                    |                         |                    |             |
| Frequency res       | olution            | 0.01 Hz                 |                    |                         |                    |             |
| Frequency swi       | itching sp         | eed <sup>5</sup>        |                    |                         |                    |             |
|                     | S                  | tandard                 | With (             | Option UNJ              | With               | Option 506  |
|                     | Freq. <sup>3</sup> | Freq./Amp. <sup>4</sup> | Freq. <sup>3</sup> | Freq./Amp. <sup>4</sup> | Freq. <sup>3</sup> | Freq./Amp.4 |
| Dinital m           | ndulation          |                         |                    |                         |                    |             |

|           | Freq. <sup>3</sup> | Freq./Amp. <sup>4</sup> | Freq. <sup>3</sup> | Freq./Amp. <sup>4</sup> | Freq. <sup>3</sup> | Freq./Amp. <sup>4</sup> |
|-----------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Digital n | nodulation         |                         |                    |                         |                    |                         |
| on        | (< 35 ms)          | (< 49 ms)               | (< 35 ms           | ) (< 52 ms)             | (< 41 ms           | ) (< 57 ms)             |
| off       | (< 9 ms)           | (< 9 ms)                | (< 9 ms            | (< 9 ms)                | (< 16 ms           | s (< 17 ms)             |
| [For hop  | s < 5 MHz v        | vithin a band]          |                    |                         |                    |                         |
| Digital n | nodulation         |                         |                    |                         |                    |                         |
| on        | (< 9 ms)           | (< 9 ms)                | (< 9 ms)           | (< 9 ms)                | (< 33 ms           | ) (< 53 ms)             |
| off       | (< 9 ms)           | (< 9 ms)                | (< 9 ms)           | (< 9 ms)                | (< 12 ms           | ) (< 14 ms)             |

Phase offset Phase is adjustable remotely [LAN, GPIB, RS-232] or via front panel in nominal 0.1° increments

### Sweep modes

| Operating modes  | F <mark>requ</mark> ency step, amplitude step and arbitrary list |
|------------------|--|
| Dwell time       | 1 ms to 60 s   |
| Number of points | 2 to 401   |
|                  | 5t medsurement instruments                                       |

#### Internal reference oscillator

| Stability <sup>5</sup>     |                          |                                 |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
|                            | Standard                 | With Option UNJ or 1E5          |
| Aging rate                 | < ±1 ppm/yr              | < ±0.1 ppm/yr or                |
|                            |                          | < ±0.0005 ppm/day after 45 days |
| Temp [0 to 55° C]          | (< ±1 ppm)               | (< ±0.05 ppm)                   |
| Line voltage               | (< ±0.1 ppm)             | (< ±0.002 ppm)                  |
| Line voltage range         | (+5% to -10%)            | (+5% to -10%)                   |
| RF reference output        |                          |                                 |
| Frequency                  | 10 MHz                   |                                 |
| Amplitude                  | 4 dBm ±2 dB              |                                 |
| RF reference input require | ements                   |                                 |
|                            | Standard                 | With Option UNJ or 1E5          |
| Frequency                  | 1, 2, 5, 10 MHz ± 10 ppm | 1, 2, 5, 10 MHz ±.2 ppm         |
| Amplitude                  | –3.5 dBm to 20 dBm       |                                 |
| Input impedance            | 50 Ω                     |                                 |

1. The E4438C is available as a vector platform only. For analog models refer to the E4420B thru E4426B.

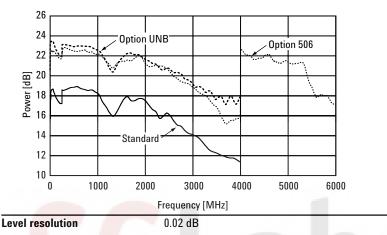
2. Performance below 250 kHz not guaranteed.

- 3. To within 0.1 ppm of final frequency above 250 MHz or within 100 Hz below 250 MHz.
- 4. Frequency switching time with the amplitude settled within  $\pm 0.1$  dB.

### Output power

| Power              |                 |                 |                 |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|                    | Standard        | With Option UNB | With Option 506 |
| 250 kHz to 250 MHz | +11 to -136 dBm | +15 to –136 dBm | +12 to -136 dBm |
| > 250 MHz to 1 GHz | +13 to -136 dBm | +17 to –136 dBm | +14 to -136 dBm |
| > 1 to 3 GHz       | +10 to -136 dBm | +16 to -136 dBm | +13 to -136 dBm |
| > 3 to 4 GHz       | +7 to –136 dBm  | +13 to –136 dBm | +10 to -136 dBm |
| > 4 to 6 GHz       | N/A             | N/A             | +10 to -136 dBm |

#### Typical maximum available power





| LCV | er range with Attend |          |                 |                 |
|-----|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|
|     |                      | Standard | With Option UNB | With Option 506 |
|     | 250 kHz to 1 GHz     | 23 dB    | 27 dB           | 24 dB           |
|     | > 1 to 3 GHz         | 20 dB    | 26 dB           | 23 dB           |
|     | > 3 to 4 GHz         | 17 dB    | 23 dB           | 20 dB           |
|     | > 4 to 6 GHz         | N/A      | N/A             | 20 dB           |
|     |                      |          |                 |                 |

#### Level accuracy [dB]

| Standard <sup>1,2</sup> |
|-------------------------|
|                         |

| _                  | Power level |          |          |            |  |  |
|--------------------|-------------|----------|----------|------------|--|--|
|                    | +7 to       | –50 to   | -120 to  | < –127 dBm |  |  |
|                    | –50 dBm     | –120 dBm | –127 dBm |            |  |  |
| 250 kHz to 2.2 GHz | ±0.5        | ±0.5     | ±0.6     | (±1.5)     |  |  |
| 2.2 to 3 GHz       | ±0.5        | ±0.6     | ±0.7     | (±2.5)     |  |  |
| 3 to 4 GHz         | ±0.6        | ±0.7     | ±0.8     | (±2.5)     |  |  |
|                    |             |          |          |            |  |  |

#### With Option UNB<sup>2,3</sup>

| _                  | Power level |          |          |            |  |  |  |
|--------------------|-------------|----------|----------|------------|--|--|--|
|                    | +10 to      | –50 to   | -120 to  | < –127 dBm |  |  |  |
|                    | –50 dBm     | –120 dBm | –127 dBm |            |  |  |  |
| 250 kHz to 2.2 GHz | ±0.5        | ±0.5     | ±0.6     | (±1.5)     |  |  |  |
| 2.2 to 3 GHz       | ±0.6        | ±0.7     | ±0.9     | (±2.5)     |  |  |  |
| 3 to 4 GHz         | ±0.8        | ±0.9     | ±1.5     | (±2.5)     |  |  |  |

#### With Option 506<sup>2, 4</sup>

|                    |         | Power    | level    |            |  |
|--------------------|---------|----------|----------|------------|--|
| _                  | +7 to   | –50 to   | -110 to  | < –127 dBm |  |
|                    | –50 dBm | –110 dBm | –127 dBm |            |  |
| 250 kHz to 2.2 GHz | ±0.6    | ±0.6     | ±0.7     | (±1.5)     |  |
| 2.2 to 3 GHz       | ±0.6    | ±0.7     | ±1.0     | (±2.5)     |  |
| 3 to 4 GHz         | ±0.8    | ±0.9     | ±1.5     | (±2.5)     |  |
| 4 to 6 GHz         | ±0.8    | ±0.9     | (±2.5)   |            |  |

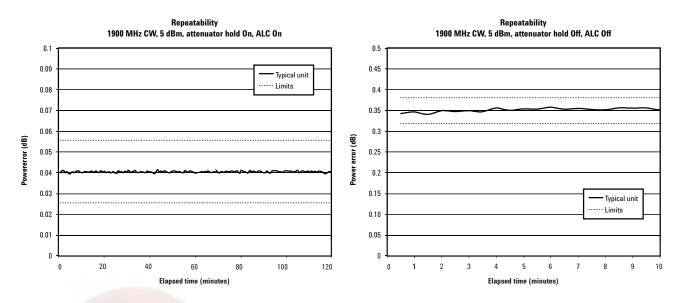
- Quoted specifications for 23 °C ± 5 °C. Accuracy degrades by less than 0.03 dB/°C over full temperature range. Accuracy degrades by 0.3 dB above +7 dBm, and by 0.8 dB above +10 dBm.
- 2. Parentheses denote typical performance.
- Quoted specifications for 23 °C ± 5 °C. Accuracy degrades by less than 0.01 dB/°C over full temperature range. Accuracy degrades by 0.2 dB above +10 dBm, and by 0.8 dB above +13 dBm.
- 4. Quoted specifications for 23 °C  $\pm$  5 °C. Accuracy degrades by less than 0.02 dB/°C over full temperature range. Accuracy degrades by 0.2 dB above +7 dBm.

| Conditions:                   |                                      |                     |                         | V <sub>rms</sub> , nominal] <sup>1</sup> |                         |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Level accuracy ν<br>π/4 DOPSK | <b>vith ALC on</b><br>or QPSK format | s                   |                         |  |                         |
|                               |                                      |                     | root-raised (           | cosine filter and $a$ 2                  | ≥ 0.35;                 |
|                               |                                      |                     |                         | lz; at RF freq ≥ 25 N                    | 1Hz;                    |
|                               | power $\leq \max$                    | specifie<br>±0.25 d |                         |  |                         |
| Constant an                   | nplitude formats                     |                     |                         |  |                         |
|                               | Standa                               | rd V                | Vith Option S           | 506                                      |                         |
|                               | ±0.15 d                              | IB ±                | :0.20 dB                |  |                         |
| Level accuracy v              | vith ALC off <sup>1,2</sup>          | (±0.20              | dB) [relative           |  |                         |
| Conditions:                   |                                      | After p             | ower search             | is executed, with b                      | urst off.               |
| Level switching               | speed <sup>1</sup>                   |                     |                         |  |                         |
|                               |                                      |                     | Standard                | With Option UNB                          | With Option 50          |
|                               | ration [ALC on]                      | nonual              | (< 15 ms)               | (< 21 ms)<br>(< 95 ms)                   | (< 21 ms)               |
| -                             | power search n<br>power search a     |                     | (< 83 ms)<br>(< 103 ms) | (< 95 ms)<br>(< 119 ms)                  | (< 95 ms)<br>(< 119 ms) |
|                               |                                      |                     | (                       | (  | (                       |
|                               |                                      |                     |                         |  |                         |
|                               |                                      |                     |                         |  |                         |
|                               |                                      |                     |                         |  |                         |
|                               |                                      |                     |                         |  |                         |
|                               |                                      |                     |                         |  |                         |
|                               |                                      |                     |                         |  |                         |
|                               |                                      |                     |                         |  |                         |

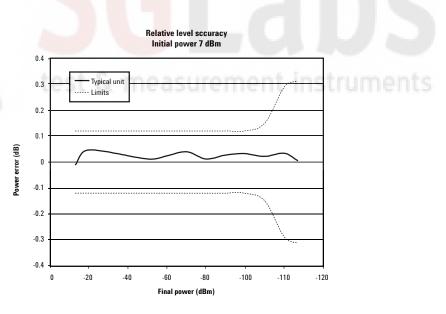
1. Parentheses denote typical performance.

2. When applying external I/Q signals with ALC off, output level will vary directly with I/Q input level.

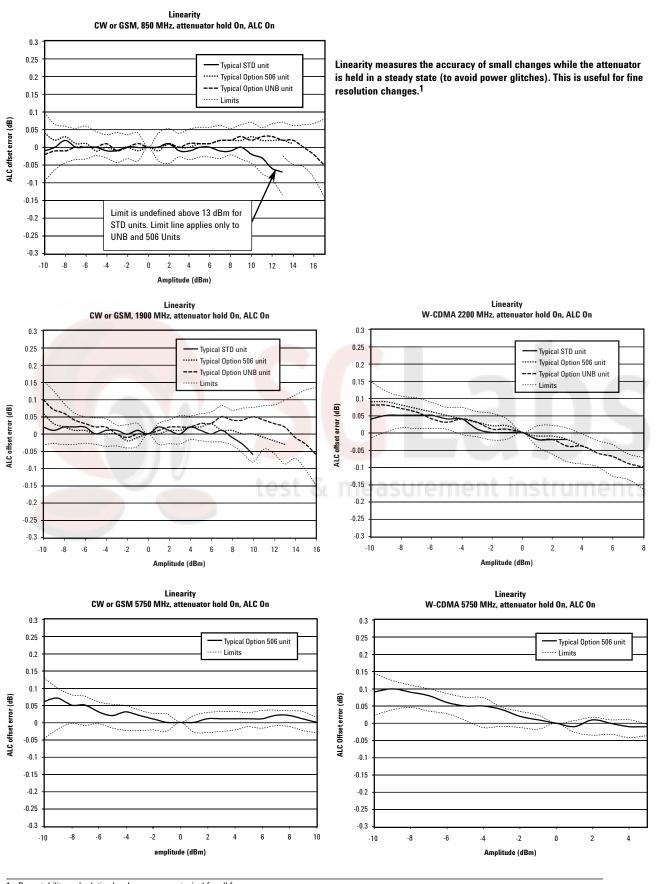
#### Repeatability and linearity



Repeatability measures the ability of the instrument to return to a given power setting after a random excursion to any other frequency and power setting. It is a relative measurement that reflects the difference in dB between the maximum and minimum power readings for a given setting over a specific time interval. It should not be confused with absolute power accuracy, which is measured in dBm.<sup>1</sup>



Relative level accuracy measures the accuracy of a step change from any power level to any other power level. This is useful for large changes (i.e. 5 dB steps).<sup>1</sup>



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1. Repeatability and relative level accuracy are typical for all frequency ranges.

### **Spectral purity**

| SSB Phase noise [at            | 20 kHz offs    | et] <sup>1</sup> |                                |
|--------------------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------------------------|
|                                | Star           | ndard            | With Option UNJ                |
| at 500 MHz                     | (< -124        | ↓dBc/Hz)         | <-136 dBc/Hz, (<-139 dBc/Hz)   |
| at 1 GHz                       | (< -118        | 3 dBc∕Hz)        | <-130 dBc/Hz, (<-133 dBc/Hz)   |
| at 2 GHz                       | (< -112        | 2 dBc/Hz)        | < –124 dBc/Hz, (< –127 dBc/Hz) |
| at 3 GHz                       | (< -106        | 6 dBc∕Hz)        | < –120 dBc/Hz, (< –123 dBc/Hz) |
| at 4 GHz                       | (< -106        | 6 dBc∕Hz)        | < –118 dBc/Hz, (< –121 dBc/Hz) |
| at 6 GHz                       | N/A            |                  | <-114 dBc/Hz, (<-117 dBc/Hz)   |
|                                |                |                  | 177 1                          |
| Residual FM <sup>1</sup> [CW m | node, 0.3 to 3 | 3 kHz BW, CC     | III, rmsj                      |
| Option UNJ                     |                | < N x 1 Hz       | (< N x 0.5 Hz) <sup>2</sup>    |
| Standard                       |                |                  |                                |
| Phase nois                     | se mode 1      | < N x 2 Hz       |                                |
| Phase nois                     | se mode 2      | < N x 4 Hz       |                                |
|                                |                |                  |                                |

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Harmonics}^{1, \ 6} \ [\text{output level} \leq +4 \ dBm, \leq +7.5 \ dBm \ Option \ UNB, \leq +4.5 \ dBm \ Option \ 506] \\ < -32 \ dBc \ above \ 1 \ GHz, \ (< -30 \ dBc \ below \ 1 \ GHz) \end{array}$ 

**Nonharmonics**<sup>1, 3</sup> [ $\leq$ +7 dBm output level,  $\leq$  +4 dBm Option 506]

|               |                        |        |       |                | 0.               |                   |         |         | 14.0           |       |                      |
|---------------|------------------------|--------|-------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|---------|---------|----------------|-------|----------------------|
|               |                        |        |       | > 2            |                  | dard <sup>4</sup> | > 10 kł | 1-      | VVit<br>> 3 kH |       | ion UNJ <sup>5</sup> |
|               |                        |        |       | > 3  <br>offse |                  |                   | > IU KI | ΠZ      | > 3 KF         |       | > 10kHz<br>offset    |
| 250           | ) kHz to 25            |        |       |                |                  | dDo)              | (< -70  | dDa)    | <              |       | (< -70 dBc           |
|               | ) MHz to 5             | •      |       |                | (< -68<br>(< -74 |                   | (< -70) | '       | < 80           |       | < −80 dBc            |
|               | MHz to 1               |        |       |                | (< -68           |                   | (< -75  | ,       | <80            |       | <80 dBc              |
|               | 0 2 GHz                | UTIZ   |       |                | (< -62           | '                 | (< -69  |         | < -74          |       | < -74 dBc            |
|               | o 4 GHz                |        |       |                | (< -56           | '                 | (< -63  | '       | < -68          |       | <68 dBc              |
|               | o 6 GHz                |        | N/A   | uDC            | N/A              | ubc)              | N/A     | ubcj    | < -62          |       | < -62 dBc            |
| Subharn       | nonice                 | _      |       | -              |                  | _                 |         | _       |                | _     | -                    |
| Subilati      | nomes                  |        |       | Star           | ndard            |                   | With    | n Optic | n UN.          | 1     |                      |
| <u>&lt;</u> 1 | GHz                    |        |       | Nor            |                  |                   |         | Non     |                |       |                      |
| >1            | GHz                    |        |       | <              | 40 dBc           |                   |         | Non     | e              |       |                      |
| Jitter in     | μUI <sup>1, 7, 8</sup> |        |       |                |                  |                   |         |         |                |       |                      |
| Car           | rrier                  | SONE   | T/SDH |                |                  | rms jit           | ter     | Sta     | ndard          | With  | option UN            |
| frea          | quency                 | data   | rates |                |                  | bandw             | vidth   | (μU     | l rms)         | (     | μUI rms)             |
| 155           | 5 MHz                  | 155 N  | ∕IB∕s |                | 100              | Hz to 1           | .5 MHz  | (3      | 325)           |       | (61)                 |
| 622           | 2 MHz                  | 622 N  | ∕IB∕s |                | 1 k              | Hz to S           | 5 MHz   | (1      | 58)            |       | (33)                 |
| 2.4           | 88 GHz                 | 2488   | MB/s  |                | 5 kl             | Hz to 1           | 5 MHz   | (3      | 384)           |       | (64)                 |
| Jitter in     | seconds <sup>1</sup>   | , 7, 8 |       |                |                  |                   |         |         |                |       |                      |
| Car           | rrier                  | SONE   | T/SDH |                |                  | rms jit           | ter     | Sta     | ndard          | With  | option UN.           |
| free          | quency                 | data   | rates |                |                  | bandw             | ridth   | 014     | lauru          | vvili |                      |
| 155           | 5 MHz                  | 155 N  | ∕IB∕s |                | 100              | Hz to 1           | .5 MHz  | (2.     | 1 ps)          |       | (0.4 ps)             |
| 622           | 2 MHz                  | 622 N  | ∕IB∕s |                | 1 k              | Hz to S           | 5 MHz   | (25     | i5 fs)         |       | (54 fs)              |
|               |                        |        |       |                |                  | Hz to 1           |         |         | i5 fs)         |       | (26 fs)              |

1. Parentheses denote typical performance.

2. Refer to frequency bands on page 12 for N values.

3. Spurs outside the operating range of the instrument are not specified.

- 4. Specifications apply for FM deviations < 100 kHz and are not valid on ΦM. For non-constant amplitude formats, unspecified spur levels occur up to the second harmonic of the baseband rate.
- 5. Specifications apply for CW mode only.
- 6. Harmonic performance outside the operating range of the instrument is typical.
- 7. Calculated from phase noise performance in CW mode only at -2.5 dBm for standard instruments, -0.5 dBm with Option 506, and +2.5 dBm with Option UNB.
- 8. For other frequencies, data rates, or bandwidths, please contact your sales representative.

#### Characteristic SSB phase noise With Option 1E5 With Option UNJ -11 -11 -12 <u>∼</u> I/Q on -12 -13 -130 ∠I/Q on CW mode .140 -140 CW mode 7 -15 -15 -160 -160 100 1K 10K L(f) [dBc/Hz] vs f[Hz] 100K $1 \,\mathrm{M}$ 100 1K 10K L(f) [dBc/Hz] vs f[Hz] 100K $1 \,\mathrm{M}$ 10M 10M 10 10 fc = 850 MHz fc = 850 MHz -11 -11 -120 -120 I/Q on -130 -130 ..**, ⊬** I/Q on -140 -140 -150 CW mode 🔊 -150 CW mode 🔊 -160 -160 100 1K 10K L(f) [dBc/Hz] vs f[Hz] 1K 10K L(f) [dBc/Hz] vs f[Hz] 100K $1\,\mathrm{M}$ 100 100K $1 \,\mathrm{M}$ 10M 10M 10 10 fc = 1900 MHz fc = 1900 MHz 100 -11 -12 -12 -13 I/Q on I/Q on -140 -140 ۲ -150 CW mode 🔊 -150 CW mode 🔊 -160 -160 100 1K 10K L(f) [dBc/Hz] vs f[Hz] 100 1K 10K L(f) [dBc/Hz] vs f[Hz] 100K $1 \,\mathrm{M}$ 100K $1\,\mathrm{M}$ 10 10M 10M 10 fc = 2200 MHz fc = 2200 MHz -100 -10 -11 PN mode 1 -110 I/Q on or CW mode -12 -120 -13 -130 PN mode 2 -14 -140 -15 -150 -160 -160 1K 10K L(f) [dBc/Hz] vs f[Hz] 1K 10K L(f) [dBc/Hz] vs f[Hz] 100 100K 1 M100 100K $1\,\mathrm{M}$ 10M 10 10M 10 Phase noise modes 1 and 2 at fc = 900 MHzfc = 5.7 GHz [Option 506]

# **Specifications for Frequency and Power Characteristics**

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### **Frequency bands**

| Band | Frequency range             | N number |
|------|-----------------------------|----------|
| 1    | 250 kHz to $\leq$ 250 MHz   | 1        |
| 2    | > 250 MHz to $\leq$ 500 MHz | 0.5      |
| 3    | $>$ 500 MHz to $\leq$ 1GHz  | 1        |
| 4    | $> 1$ to $\leq 2$ GHz       | 2        |
| 5    | $>$ 2 to $\leq$ 4 GHz       | 4        |
| 6    | $>$ 4 to $\leq$ 6 GHz       | 8        |

### Frequency modulation<sup>1,4</sup>

|  |   | /ith Option UNJ<br>x 1 MHz                        |
|--|---|---|
| Resolution   | 0.1% of deviatio whichever is gre             | •   |
| Modulation frequency   | r <b>ate</b> <sup>5</sup> [deviation =        | 100 kHz]  |
| Coupling   | 1 dB bandwidth                                | 3 dB bandwidth                                    |
| FM path 1[DC]  | DC to 100 kHz                                 | (DC to 10 MHz)                                    |
| FM path 2 [DC]   | DC to 100 kHz                                 | (DC to 0.9 MHz)                                   |
| FM path 1 [AC]   | 20 Hz to 100 kHz                              | z (5 Hz to 10 MHz)                                |
| FM path 2 [AC]   | 20 Hz to 100 kH:                              | z (5 Hz to 0.9 MHz)                               |
| Deviation accuracy <sup>2</sup> [1                             | kHz rate, deviation                           | < N x 100 kHz]                                    |
|  | < ± 3.5% of FM                                | deviation + 20 Hz                                 |
|  |   |   |
| Carrier freque <mark>ncy</mark> accu                           | -   | W in DCFM <sup>2, 3</sup><br>viation + (N x 1 Hz) |
|  | ±0.1% of set dev                              | viation + (N x 1 Hz)                              |
| Carrier frequency accu<br>Distortion <sup>2</sup> [1 kHz rate, | ±0.1% of set dev                              | viation + (N x 1 Hz)                              |
| Distortion <sup>2</sup> [1 kHz rate,                           | ±0.1% of set dev<br>dev.= N x 100 kHz<br>< 1% | viation + (N x 1 Hz)                              |
|  | ±0.1% of set dev<br>dev.= N x 100 kHz<br>< 1% | viation + (N x 1 Hz)<br>2]                        |

The FM 2 path is limited to a maximum rate of 1 MHz. The FM 2 path must be set to a deviation less than FM 1 path.

<sup>1.</sup> All analog performance above 4 GHz is typical.

<sup>2.</sup> Refer to frequency bands on this page to compute specifications.

<sup>3.</sup> At the calibrated deviation and carrier frequency, within 5  $^{\circ}$ C of ambient temperature at time of calibration.

<sup>4.</sup> For non-Option UNJ units, specifications apply in phase noise mode 2 [default].

#### Phase modulation 1, 5

| Resolution                  | 0.1% of set  | deviation                                      |  |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Modulation freque           | ncy response <sup>2, 7</sup>   |  |  |
| Standard                    |  |  |  |
|                             | Maximum  | Allowable                                      | rates [3 dB BW]  |
| Mode                        | deviation  | $\Phi M$ path 1                                | $\Phi M$ path 2  |
| Normal BW                   | N x 80 rad   | DC to 100 kHz                                  | DC to 100 kHz  |
| High BW <sup>6</sup>        | N x 8 rad  | (DC to 1 MHz)                                  | (DC to 0.9 MHz)  |
|                             | N x 1.6 rad  | (DC to 10 MHz)                                 | (DC to 0.9 MHz)  |
| With Option UNJ             |  |  |  |
|                             | Maximum  | Allowable                                      | rates [3 dB BW]  |
| Mode                        | deviation  | $\Phi M$ path 1                                | $\Phi M$ path 2  |
| Normal BW                   | N x 10 radians   | DC to 100 kHz                                  | DC to 100 kHz  |
| High BW                     | N x 1 radians  | (DC to 1 MHz)                                  | (DC to 0.9 MHz)  |
| Option                      | <ul> <li>±5% of deviation</li> <li>8</li> <li>UNJ models, Norr</li> <li>&lt; 1%</li> </ul> | tion + 0.01 radians<br>0 radians on standard m | nodel, < 10N radians on  |
| $\Phi M$ using externa      | l inputs 1 or 2  |  |  |
| Sensitivity                 | 1 V <sub>peak</sub> for  | indicated deviation                            |  |
| In <mark>put</mark> impedar | ice 50 Ω, nomi   | nal  |  |
| Paths                       | modulation   | . The $\Phi M$ 2 path is limit                 | nmed internally for composit<br>ted to a maximum rate of<br>a deviation less than the ΦN |

#### Amplitude modulation <sup>1, 3</sup> [fc > 500 kHz]

| test &                               | measurement instruments   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Range                                | 0 to 100%   |
| Resolution                           | 0.1%  |
| Rates [3 dB bandwidt]                | 1]  |
| DC coupled                           | 0 to 10 kHz   |
| AC coupled                           | 10 Hz to 10 kHz   |
| Accuracy <sup>4, 7</sup>             | 1 kHz rate <±(6% of setting +1%)  |
| Distortion <sup>4, 7</sup> [1 kHz ra | ite, THD]   |
| St                                   | andard/Option UNJ Option 506  |
| 30% AM                               | < 1.5% < 1.5%   |
| 90% AM                               | (< 4%) (< 5%)   |
| AM using external in                 | puts 1 or 2   |
| Sensitivity                          | 1 V <sub>peak</sub> to achieve indicated depth                          |
| Input impedance                      | 50 $\Omega$ , nominal   |
| Paths                                | AM path 1 and AM path 2 are summed internally for composite modulation. |

1. All analog performance above 4 GHz is typical.

2. Refer to frequency bands on page 12 for N.

7. Parentheses denote typical performance.

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<sup>3.</sup> AM is typical above 3 GHz or if wideband AM or I/Q modulation is simultaneously enabled.

<sup>4.</sup> Peak envelope power of AM must be 3 dB less than maximum output power below 250 MHz.

<sup>5.</sup> For non-Option UNJ units, specifications apply in phase noise mode 2 [default].

<sup>6.</sup> Bandwidth is automatically selected based on deviation.

#### Wideband AM

**Pulse modulation** 

| Rates [1 dB bandwidth]                 | 1   |
|--|---|
| ALC on                                 | (400 Hz to 40 MHz)  |
| ALC off                                | (DC to 40 MHz)  |
| Wideband AM using ex                   | ternal I input only   |
| Sensitivity                            | 0.5 V = 100%  |
| Input impedance                        | 50 $\Omega$ , nominal   |
| <u> </u>                               |   |
| On/off ratio <sup>1</sup><br>< 2.8 GHz | > 80 dB   |
| $\geq 2.8 \text{ GHz}$                 | > 60 dB<br>(> 64 dB)  |
|  |   |
| Rise/fall times <sup>1</sup>           | (150 ns)  |
| Minimum width <sup>1</sup>             |   |
| ALC on                                 | (2 μs)  |
| ALC off                                | (0.4 µs)  |
| Pulse repetition freque                |   |
| ALC on                                 | (10 Hz to 250 kHz)  |
| ALC off                                | (DC to 1.0 MHz)   |
|  | tive to CW at $\leq$ 4 dBm standard, $\leq$ 7.5 dBm Option UNB,<br>dBm Option 506]<br>( $\leq$ ±1 dB) |
| Pulse modula <mark>tion</mark> using   | external inputs   |
| Input voltage                          |   |
| RF on                                  | > +0.5 V, nominal   |
| RF off                                 | < +0.5 V, nominal   |
| Input impedance                        | 50 $\Omega$ , nominal   |
| Internal pulse generato                | r   |
| Square wave rate                       | 0.1 Hz to 20 kHz  |
|  |   |
| Pulse                                  |   |
| Period                                 | 8 μs to 30 seconds  |
|  | 8 μs to 30 seconds<br>4 μs to 30 seconds<br>2 μs  |

<sup>1.</sup> Parentheses denote typical performance.

<sup>2.</sup> With ALC off, specifications apply after the execution of power search. With ALC on, specifications apply for pulse repetition rates  $\leq$ 10 kHz and pulse widths  $\geq$ 5 µs.

### Internal analog modulation source

[Provides FM, AM, pulse, and phase modulation signals and LF audio out]

**External modulation inputs** 

| Waveforms                      | sine, square, ramp, triangle, pulse, noise  |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Rate range                     |   |
| Sine                           | 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz                           |
| Square, ramp, triangle         | 0.1 Hz to 20 kHz                            |
| Resolution                     | 0.1 Hz                                      |
| Frequency accuracy             | same as RF reference source                 |
| Swept sine mode [frequency, pl | nase continuous]                            |
| Operating modes                | Triggered or continuous sweeps              |
| Frequency range                | 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz                           |
| Sweep time                     | 1 ms to 65 sec                              |
| Resolution                     | 1 ms  |
| Dual sinewave mode             |   |
| Frequency range                | 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz                           |
| Amplitude ratio                | 0 to 100%                                   |
| Amplitude ratio resolution     | 0.1%  |
| LF audio out mode              |   |
| Amplitude                      | 0 to 2.5 V <sub>peak</sub> into 50 $\Omega$ |
| Output impedance               | 50 $\Omega$ nominal                         |
|                                |   |
| Modulation types               | 1 3 6 /                                     |
| Ext 1                          | FM, $\Phi$ M, AM, pulse, and burst envelope |
| LACT                           |   |

High/Low Indicator [100 Hz to 10 MHz BW, AC coupled inputs only]. Activated when input level error exceeds 3% [nominal].

### **External burst envelope**

| 0 V                   |  |  |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| –1.0 V                |  |  |
| 0 to -1 V             |  |  |
|                       |  |  |
| 1.05 V                |  |  |
| < 2.3 GHz             | > 75 dB  |  |
| ≥ 2.3 GHz             | (> 64 dB)  |  |
|                       |  |  |
| gular input           |  |  |
| (< 2 μs)              |  |  |
| requency <sup>1</sup> |  |  |
| . (10 Hz)             |  |  |
| DC                    |  |  |
| External 1            |  |  |
| 50 $\Omega$ , nominal |  |  |
|                       | $-1.0 V$ $0 \text{ to } -1 V$ 1.05 V $< 2.3 \text{ GHz}$ $\geq 2.3 \text{ GHz}$ gular input $(< 2 \mu \text{s})$ requency <sup>1</sup> $(10 \text{ Hz})$ DC External 1 | $\begin{array}{c} -1.0 \ V \\ 0 \ to \ -1 \ V \end{array} \\ \hline \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$ |

#### **Composite modulation**

AM, FM, and  $\Phi$ M each consist of two modulation paths which are summed internally for composite modulation. The modulation sources may be any two of the following: Internal, External 1, External 2.

Simultaneous modulation

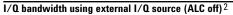
Multiple modulation types may be simultaneously enabled. For example, W-CDMA, AM, and FM can run concurrently and all will affect the output RF. This is useful for simulating signal impairments. There are some exceptions: FM and  $\Phi$ M cannot be combined; AM and Burst envelope cannot be combined; Wideband AM and internal I/Q cannot be combined. Two modulation types cannot be generated simultaneously by the same modulation source.

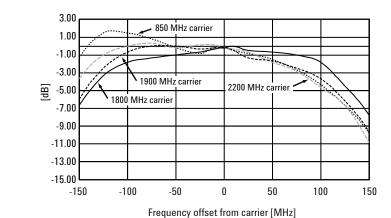
#### I/Q modulation bandwidth

#### I/Q inputs

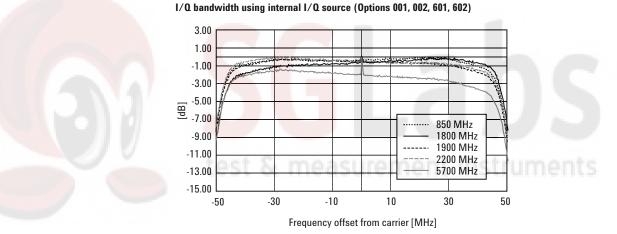
Input impedance Full scale input<sup>1</sup>

```
\frac{50 \ \Omega \text{ or } 600 \ \Omega}{\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2}} = 0.5 \ V_{rms}
```









<sup>1.</sup> The optimum I/Q input level is  $\sqrt{1^2+Q^2} = 0.5 V_{rms}$ . I/Q drive level affects EVM, origin offset, spectral regrowth, and noise floor. Typically, level accuracy with ALC on will be maintained with drive levels between 0.25 and 1.0 V\_{rms}.

### I/Q adjustments

| Source  | Parameter Range  |
|---|--|
| I/Q baseband inputs   | Impedance 50 or 600 $\Omega$   |
|   | l offset [600 $\Omega$ only] ± 5 V   |
|   | Q offset [600 $\Omega$ only] ± 5 V   |
| I/Q baseband outputs  | I/Q offset adjustment ± 3 V  |
|   | I/Q offset resolution 1 mV   |
|   | I/Q gain balance ± 4 dB  |
|   | I/Q attenuation 0 to 40 dB   |
|   | I/Q low pass filter 40 MHz, thru   |
| RF output   | I/Q offset adjustment +/- 50%  |
|   | I/Q gain balance ± 4 dB  |
|   | I/Q attenuation 0 to 40 dB   |
|   | I/Q quad skew<br>[≤ 3.3 GHz] ± 10°   |
|   | [≤ 3.3 GHz] ± 10°<br>[> 3.3 GHz] ± 5°  |
|   |  |
|   | I/Q low pass filter 2.1 MHz, 40 MHz, thru  |
| /Q baseband outputs <sup>1</sup>  |  |
| Differential outputs  | Ι, Ι, Ο, Ο   |
| Single ended  | l, Q<br>DC to 40 MHz (with singwaya)   |
| Frequency range   | DC to 40 MHz [with sinewave]<br>(1.5 V P-P) [with sinewave]  |
| Output voltage into 50 $\Omega$   | (1.3 V F-F) [With Shewave]   |
| Output impedance  | 50 Ω nominal   |
| SG  | Labs   |
| Channels  | 2 [I and Q]  |
| Channels<br>Resolution  | Labs   |
| Channels<br>Resolution<br>Arbitrary waveform memory   | 2 [l and Q]<br>16 bits [1/65,536]  |
| Channels<br>Resolution  | 2 [l and Q]<br>2 [l and Q]<br>16 bits [1/65,536]<br>ity 8 megasamples (MSa)/channel [Option 601]   |
| Channels<br>Resolution<br>Arbitrary waveform memory<br>Maximum playback capacit   | 2 [I and Q]<br>2 [I and Q]<br>16 bits [1/65,536]<br>ity 8 megasamples (MSa)/channel [Option 601]<br>64 MSa/channel [Option 602]  |
| Channels<br>Resolution<br>Arbitrary waveform memory   | 2 [I and Q]<br>2 [I and Q]<br>16 bits [1/65,536]<br>ity 8 megasamples (MSa)/channel [Option 601]<br>64 MSa/channel [Option 602]<br>y 1 GSa [Option 005]  |
| Channels<br>Resolution<br>Arbitrary waveform memory<br>Maximum playback capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity  | 2 [I and Q]<br>2 [I and Q]<br>16 bits [1/65,536]<br>ity 8 megasamples (MSa)/channel [Option 601]<br>64 MSa/channel [Option 602]  |
| Channels<br>Resolution<br>Arbitrary waveform memory<br>Maximum playback capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Waveform segments   | 2 [I and Q]<br>2 [I and Q]<br>16 bits [1/65,536]<br>ity 8 megasamples (MSa)/channel [Option 601]<br>64 MSa/channel [Option 602]<br>y 1 GSa [Option 005]<br>3 MSa [Standard]  |
| Channels<br>Resolution<br>Arbitrary waveform memory<br>Maximum playback capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Waveform segments<br>Segment length   | 2 [I and Q]<br>2 [I and Q]<br>16 bits [1/65,536]<br>ity 8 megasamples (MSa)/channel [Option 601]<br>64 MSa/channel [Option 602]<br>y 1 GSa [Option 005]<br>3 MSa [Standard]<br>60 samples to 8 or 64 MSa   |
| Channels<br>Resolution<br>Arbitrary waveform memory<br>Maximum playback capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Waveform segments   | 2 [I and Q]<br>2 [I and Q]<br>16 bits [1/65,536]<br>ity 8 megasamples (MSa)/channel [Option 601]<br>64 MSa/channel [Option 602]<br>y 1 GSa [Option 005]<br>3 MSa [Standard]<br>60 samples to 8 or 64 MSa<br>nents 1,024 [8 MSa volatile memory]  |
| Channels<br>Resolution<br>Arbitrary waveform memory<br>Maximum playback capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Naveform segments<br>Segment length   | 2 [I and Q]<br>2 [I and Q]<br>16 bits [1/65,536]<br>ity 8 megasamples (MSa)/channel [Option 601]<br>64 MSa/channel [Option 602]<br>y 1 GSa [Option 005]<br>3 MSa [Standard]<br>60 samples to 8 or 64 MSa<br>nents 1,024 [8 MSa volatile memory]<br>8,192 [64 MSa volatile memory]  |
| Channels<br>Resolution<br>Arbitrary waveform memory<br>Maximum playback capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Waveform segments<br>Segment length<br>Maximum number of segm<br>Minimum memory allocatic<br>Waveform sequences   | 2 [I and Q]<br>2 [I and Q]<br>16 bits [1/65,536]<br>ity 8 megasamples (MSa)/channel [Option 601]<br>64 MSa/channel [Option 602]<br>y 1 GSa [Option 005]<br>3 MSa [Standard]<br>60 samples to 8 or 64 MSa<br>nents 1,024 [8 MSa volatile memory]<br>8,192 [64 MSa volatile memory]<br>on 256 samples or 1 KB blocks   |
| Channels<br>Resolution<br>Arbitrary waveform memory<br>Maximum playback capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Waveform segments<br>Segment length<br>Maximum number of segm<br>Minimum memory allocatic<br>Waveform sequences<br>Maximum total number of segm   | 2 [I and Q]<br>16 bits [1/65,536]<br>ity 8 megasamples (MSa)/channel [Option 601]<br>64 MSa/channel [Option 602]<br>y 1 GSa [Option 005]<br>3 MSa [Standard]<br>60 samples to 8 or 64 MSa<br>nents 1,024 [8 MSa volatile memory]<br>8,192 [64 MSa volatile memory]<br>0 256 samples or 1 KB blocks<br>segment files  |
| Channels<br>Resolution<br>Arbitrary waveform memory<br>Maximum playback capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Maximum number of segm<br>Minimum memory allocatio<br>Maveform sequences<br>Maximum total number of segm  | 2 [I and Q]<br>2 [I and Q]<br>16 bits [1/65,536]<br>ity 8 megasamples (MSa)/channel [Option 601]<br>64 MSa/channel [Option 602]<br>y 1 GSa [Option 005]<br>3 MSa [Standard]<br>60 samples to 8 or 64 MSa<br>nents 1,024 [8 MSa volatile memory]<br>8,192 [64 MSa volatile memory]<br>0 256 samples or 1 KB blocks<br>segment files<br>atile  |
| Channels<br>Resolution<br>Arbitrary waveform memory<br>Maximum playback capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Maximum number of segm<br>Minimum memory allocatio<br>Maximum total number of segm<br>Maximum total number of segm<br>stored in the non-vola<br>file system | 2 [I and Q]<br>2 [I and Q]<br>16 bits [1/65,536]<br>ity 8 megasamples (MSa)/channel [Option 601]<br>64 MSa/channel [Option 602]<br>y 1 GSa [Option 005]<br>3 MSa [Standard]<br>60 samples to 8 or 64 MSa<br>nents 1,024 [8 MSa volatile memory]<br>8,192 [64 MSa volatile memory]<br>0 256 samples or 1 KB blocks<br>segment files<br>atile<br>16,384  |
| Channels<br>Resolution<br>Arbitrary waveform memory<br>Maximum playback capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Waveform segments<br>Segment length<br>Maximum number of segm<br>Minimum memory allocation<br>Waveform sequences<br>Maximum total number of segm<br>Maximum total number of seguencing  | 2 [I and Q]<br>2 [I and Q]<br>16 bits [1/65,536]<br>ity 8 megasamples (MSa)/channel [Option 601]<br>64 MSa/channel [Option 602]<br>y 1 GSa [Option 005]<br>3 MSa [Standard]<br>60 samples to 8 or 64 MSa<br>nents 1,024 [8 MSa volatile memory]<br>8,192 [64 MSa volatile memory]<br>8,192 [64 MSa volatile memory]<br>0 256 samples or 1 KB blocks<br>segment files<br>atile<br>16,384<br>Continuously repeating  |
| Channels<br>Resolution<br>Arbitrary waveform memory<br>Maximum playback capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Maximum storage capacity<br>Naveform segments<br>Segment length<br>Maximum number of segm<br>Minimum memory allocatio<br>Naveform sequences<br>Maximum total number of s<br>stored in the non-vola<br>file system<br>Sequencing   | 2 [I and Q]<br>2 [I and Q]<br>16 bits [1/65,536]<br>ity 8 megasamples (MSa)/channel [Option 601]<br>64 MSa/channel [Option 602]<br>y 1 GSa [Option 005]<br>3 MSa [Standard]<br>60 samples to 8 or 64 MSa<br>nents 1,024 [8 MSa volatile memory]<br>8,192 [64 MSa volatile memory]<br>8,192 [64 MSa volatile memory]<br>0 256 samples or 1 KB blocks<br>segment files<br>atile<br>16,384<br>Continuously repeating<br>ences 16,384 [shared with number of segments] |

### Baseband generator

[arbitrary waveform mode] [Option 601 or 602]

| Cloc                       | k   |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|
|                            | Sample rate   | 1 Hz to 100 MHz  |
|                            | Resolution  | 0.001 Hz   |
|                            | Accuracy  | Same as timebase +2 <sup>-42</sup> [in non-integer applications  |
| Base                       | eband filters   |  |
|                            | 40 MHz  | used for spur reduction  |
|                            | 2.1 MHz   | used for ACPR reduction  |
|                            | Through   | used for maximum bandwidth   |
| Reco                       | onstruction filter: [fixed]   |  |
|                            | 50 MHz  | [used for all symbol rates]  |
|                            | eband spectral purity <sup>1</sup>  |  |
| [full :                    | scale sinewave]   |  |
|                            | Harmonic distortion   |  |
|                            | 100 kHz to 2 MHz  | (< –65 dBc)  |
|                            | Phase noise   | (<-127 dBc/Hz)   |
|                            | [baseband output of 10 MHz si   | newave at 20 kHz offset]   |
|                            | IM performance  | (< -74 dB)   |
|                            | [two sinewaves at 950 kHz and   | l 1050 kHz at baseband]  |
| Trigg                      | jers  |  |
|                            | Types   | Continuous, single, gated, segment advance   |
|                            | Source  | Trigger key, external, remote [LAN, GPIB, RS-232]  |
|                            | External polarity   | Negative, positive   |
|                            | Excornar polaricy   | riegative, poetitie  |
|                            | External delay time   | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency   |
|                            |   | - ·  |
| Marl                       | External delay time<br>External delay resolution  | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency   |
|                            | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers  | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency   |
| [Mar                       | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of  | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the   |
| [Mar                       | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also  | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>Juring the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]  |
| [Mar                       | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also<br>Marker polarity   | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]<br>Negative, positive  |
| [Mar                       | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also  | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>Juring the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]  |
| [Mar<br>ESG                | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also<br>Marker polarity   | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]<br>Negative, positive  |
| [Mar<br>ESG                | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also<br>Marker polarity<br>Number of markers  | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]<br>Negative, positive  |
| [Mar<br>ESG                | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also<br>Marker polarity<br>Number of markers  | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]<br>Negative, positive<br>4   |
| [Mar<br>ESG                | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also<br>Marker polarity<br>Number of markers  | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]<br>Negative, positive<br>4<br>Up to 100 [limited by a max bandwidth of 80 MHz  |
| [Mar<br>ESG                | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also<br>Marker polarity<br>Number of markers<br>ticarrier<br>Number of carriers   | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]<br>Negative, positive<br>4<br>Up to 100 [limited by a max bandwidth of 80 MHz<br>depending on symbol rate and modulation type]   |
| [Mar<br>ESG<br>Mult        | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also<br>Marker polarity<br>Number of markers<br>ticarrier<br>Number of carriers<br>Frequency offset [per carrier]   | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]<br>Negative, positive<br>4<br>Up to 100 [limited by a max bandwidth of 80 MHz<br>depending on symbol rate and modulation type]<br>-40 MHz to +40 MHz   |
| [Mar<br>ESG<br>Mult        | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also<br>Marker polarity<br>Number of markers<br>ticarrier<br>Number of carriers<br>Frequency offset [per carrier]<br>Power offset [per carrier]   | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]<br>Negative, positive<br>4<br>Up to 100 [limited by a max bandwidth of 80 MHz<br>depending on symbol rate and modulation type]<br>-40 MHz to +40 MHz   |
| [Mar<br>ESG<br>Mult        | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also<br>Marker polarity<br>Number of markers<br>ticarrier<br>Number of carriers<br>Frequency offset [per carrier]<br>Power offset [per carrier]<br>ulation  | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]<br>Negative, positive<br>4<br>Up to 100 [limited by a max bandwidth of 80 MHz<br>depending on symbol rate and modulation type]<br>-40 MHz to +40 MHz<br>0 dB to -40 dB   |
| [Mar<br>ESG<br>Mult        | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also<br>Marker polarity<br>Number of markers<br>ticarrier<br>Number of carriers<br>Frequency offset [per carrier]<br>Power offset [per carrier]<br>ulation  | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]<br>Negative, positive<br>4<br>Up to 100 [limited by a max bandwidth of 80 MHz<br>depending on symbol rate and modulation type]<br>-40 MHz to +40 MHz<br>0 dB to -40 dB<br>BPSK, QPSK, 0QPSK, π/4DQPSK, 8PSK,   |
| [Mar<br>ESG<br>Mult        | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also<br>Marker polarity<br>Number of markers<br>ticarrier<br>Number of carriers<br>Frequency offset [per carrier]<br>Power offset [per carrier]<br>Power offset [per carrier]<br>Posk                                 | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]<br>Negative, positive<br>4<br>Up to 100 [limited by a max bandwidth of 80 MHz<br>depending on symbol rate and modulation type]<br>-40 MHz to +40 MHz<br>0 dB to -40 dB<br>BPSK, QPSK, 0QPSK, π/4DQPSK, 8PSK,<br>16PSK, D8PSK   |
| [Mar<br>ESG<br>Mult        | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also<br>Marker polarity<br>Number of markers<br>ticarrier<br>Number of carriers<br>Frequency offset [per carrier]<br>Power offset [per carrier]<br>Power offset [per carrier]<br>PSK<br>QAM                           | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]<br>Negative, positive<br>4<br>Up to 100 [limited by a max bandwidth of 80 MHz<br>depending on symbol rate and modulation type]<br>-40 MHz to +40 MHz<br>0 dB to -40 dB<br>BPSK, QPSK, 0QPSK, π/4DQPSK, 8PSK,<br>16PSK, D8PSK<br>4, 16, 32, 64, 256   |
| [Mar<br>ESG<br>Mult        | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also<br>Marker polarity<br>Number of markers<br>ticarrier<br>Number of carriers<br>Frequency offset [per carrier]<br>Power offset [per carrier]<br>Power offset [per carrier]<br>Mulation<br>PSK<br>QAM<br>FSK<br>MSK | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]<br>Negative, positive<br>4<br>Up to 100 [limited by a max bandwidth of 80 MHz<br>depending on symbol rate and modulation type]<br>-40 MHz to +40 MHz<br>0 dB to -40 dB<br>BPSK, QPSK, 0QPSK, π/4DQPSK, 8PSK,<br>16PSK, D8PSK<br>4, 16, 32, 64, 256   |
| [Mar<br>ESG<br>Mult<br>Mod | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also<br>Marker polarity<br>Number of markers<br>ticarrier<br>Number of carriers<br>Frequency offset [per carrier]<br>Power offset [per carrier]<br>Power offset [per carrier]<br>Mulation<br>PSK<br>QAM<br>FSK<br>MSK | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]<br>Negative, positive<br>4<br>Up to 100 [limited by a max bandwidth of 80 MHz<br>depending on symbol rate and modulation type]<br>-40 MHz to +40 MHz<br>0 dB to -40 dB<br>BPSK, QPSK, 0QPSK, $\pi$ /4DQPSK, 8PSK,<br>16PSK, D8PSK<br>4, 16, 32, 64, 256<br>Selectable: 2, 4, 8, 16           |
| [Mar<br>ESG<br>Mult<br>Mod | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also<br>Marker polarity<br>Number of markers<br>ticarrier<br>Number of carriers<br>Frequency offset [per carrier]<br>Power offset [per carrier]<br>Power offset [per carrier]<br>ulation<br>PSK<br>QAM<br>FSK<br>MSK  | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]<br>Negative, positive<br>4<br>Up to 100 [limited by a max bandwidth of 80 MHz<br>depending on symbol rate and modulation type]<br>-40 MHz to +40 MHz<br>0 dB to -40 dB<br>BPSK, QPSK, 0QPSK, π/4DQPSK, 8PSK,<br>16PSK, D8PSK<br>4, 16, 32, 64, 256<br>Selectable: 2, 4, 8, 16                |
| [Mar<br>ESG<br>Mult<br>Mod | External delay time<br>External delay resolution<br>kers<br>kers are defined in a segment of<br>front panel. A marker can also<br>Marker polarity<br>Number of markers<br>ticarrier<br>Number of carriers<br>Frequency offset [per carrier]<br>Power offset [per carrier]<br>Power offset [per carrier]<br>ulation<br>PSK<br>QAM<br>FSK<br>MSK  | 10 ns to 40 sec plus latency<br>10 ns<br>during the waveform generation process, or from the<br>be tied to the RF blanking feature of the ESG.]<br>Negative, positive<br>4<br>Up to 100 [limited by a max bandwidth of 80 MHz<br>depending on symbol rate and modulation type]<br>-40 MHz to +40 MHz<br>0 dB to -40 dB<br>BPSK, 0PSK, 00PSK, π/4D0PSK, 8PSK,<br>16PSK, D8PSK<br>4, 16, 32, 64, 256<br>Selectable: 2, 4, 8, 16<br>Random ONLY |



### **Baseband generator**

[real-time mode] [Option 601 or 602]

|                                 |   | <b>types</b> [custom format]   |   |  |  |
|---------------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|
| PS                              |   |  | $\pi$ /4DQPSK, 8PSK, 16PSK, D8PSK   |  |  |
|                                 | SK  | User-defined phase offset from 0 to 100°   |   |  |  |
| 0AM                             |   | 4, 16, 32, 64, 256   |   |  |  |
| FS                              | К   | Selectable: 2, 4, 8, 16 level symmetric, C4FM  |   |  |  |
|                                 |   | User defined: Custom   | n map of up to 16 deviation levels  |  |  |
|                                 |   | Symbol rate  | Maximum deviation   |  |  |
|                                 |   | < 5 MHz  | 4 times symbol rate   |  |  |
|                                 |   | > 5 MHz, < 50 MHz  | 20 MHz  |  |  |
|                                 |   | Resolution: 0.1 Hz   |   |  |  |
| 1/0                             | Custom r  | map of 256 unique valu   | es  |  |  |
| FIR filte                       | er  |  |   |  |  |
| Se                              | lectable  | Nyquist, root Nyquist  | , Gaussian, rectangular, Apco 25  |  |  |
|                                 |   | <i>a</i> : 0 to 1, B <sub>b</sub> T: 0.1 to  |   |  |  |
| Cu                              | istom FIR   | 16-bit resolution, up  | to 64 symbols long, automatically resampled to  |  |  |
|                                 |   | 1024 coefficients [ma  |   |  |  |
|                                 |   |  | er: symbol rate $\leq$ 12.5 MHz   |  |  |
|                                 |   | •  | er: symbol rate $\leq$ 25 MHz   |  |  |
|                                 |   |  | to 16 tap when symbol rate is   |  |  |
|                                 |   | between 25 and 50 N  | 1Hz   |  |  |
|                                 |   |  |   |  |  |
| Symbol                          |   |  |   |  |  |
| Fo                              | r external se   | erial data, symbol rate  | 5 bll Mhits/sec   |  |  |
| Fo                              | r external se   | erial data, symbol rate<br>nb <mark>ols/</mark> sec to a maximu  | m symbol rate of 50 Mbits/sec   |  |  |
| Fo                              | r external se   |  | 5 bll Mihits/sec  |  |  |
| Fo<br>fro                       | r external so<br>om 1000 syn  | nbols/sec to a maximu  | m symbol rate of #bits/sec<br>#bits/symbol  |  |  |
| Fo<br>fro<br>Fo                 | r external so<br>om 1000 syn<br>r internally g  | nbols/sec to a maximu<br>generated data, symbo   | m symbol rate of #bits/sec<br>#bits/symbol<br>I rate is adjustable from 1000 symbols/sec to   |  |  |
| Fo<br>fro<br>Fo<br>50           | r external so<br>om 1000 syn<br>r internally g<br>Msymbols/                                       | nbols/sec to a maximu<br>generated data, symbo<br>/sec. and a maximum o  | m symbol rate of #bits/sec<br>#bits/symbol<br>I rate is adjustable from 1000 symbols/sec to   |  |  |
| Fo<br>fro<br>Fo<br>50<br>de     | r external so<br>om 1000 syn<br>r internally<br>Msymbols/<br>graded at hi                         | nbols/sec to a maximu<br>generated data, symbo<br>/sec. and a maximum o<br>igh symbol rates.   | m symbol rate of #bits/sec<br>#bits/symbol<br>I rate is adjustable from 1000 symbols/sec to   |  |  |
| Fo<br>fro<br>Fo<br>50<br>de     | r external so<br>om 1000 syn<br>r internally<br>Msymbols/<br>graded at hi                         | nbols/sec to a maximu<br>generated data, symbo<br>/sec. and a maximum o<br>igh symbol rates.<br>se frequency   | m symbol rate of <u>50 Mbits/sec</u><br>#bits/symbol<br>I rate is adjustable from 1000 symbols/sec to<br>of 8 bits per symbol. Modulation quality may be  |  |  |
| Fo<br>fro<br>Fo<br>50<br>de     | r external so<br>om 1000 syn<br>r internally<br>Msymbols/<br>graded at hi                         | nbols/sec to a maximu<br>generated data, symbo<br>/sec. and a maximum<br>igh symbol rates.<br>re frequency<br>Data clock can be ph   | m symbol rate of <u>50 Mbits/sec</u><br>#bits/symbol<br>I rate is adjustable from 1000 symbols/sec to<br>of 8 bits per symbol. Modulation quality may be<br>ase locked to an external reference.  |  |  |
| Fo<br>fro<br>50<br>de<br>Baseba | r external so<br>om 1000 syn<br>r internally g<br>Msymbols/<br>graded at hi<br>nd referenc        | nbols/sec to a maximu<br>generated data, symbo<br>/sec. and a maximum o<br>igh symbol rates.<br><b>The frequency</b><br>Data clock can be ph<br>13 MHz for GSM, 250                      | m symbol rate of <u>50 Mbits/sec</u><br>#bits/symbol<br>I rate is adjustable from 1000 symbols/sec to<br>of 8 bits per symbol. Modulation quality may be<br>ase locked to an external reference.<br>kHz to 100 MHz in W-CDMA and cdma2000 <sup>1</sup> .  |  |  |
| Fo<br>fro<br>50<br>de<br>Baseba | r external so<br>om 1000 syn<br>r internally<br>Msymbols/<br>graded at hi                         | nbols/sec to a maximu<br>generated data, symbo<br>/sec. and a maximum o<br>igh symbol rates.<br><b>The frequency</b><br>Data clock can be ph<br>13 MHz for GSM, 250                      | m symbol rate of #bits/sec<br>#bits/symbol<br>I rate is adjustable from 1000 symbols/sec to<br>of 8 bits per symbol. Modulation quality may be  |  |  |
| Fo<br>fro<br>50<br>de<br>Baseba | r external so<br>om 1000 syn<br>r internally g<br>Msymbols/<br>graded at hi<br>nd referenc        | nbols/sec to a maximu<br>generated data, symbo<br>/sec. and a maximum o<br>igh symbol rates.<br><b>se frequency</b><br>Data clock can be ph<br>13 MHz for GSM, 250<br>ECL, CMOS, TTL com | m symbol rate of <u>50 Mbits/sec</u><br>#bits/symbol<br>I rate is adjustable from 1000 symbols/sec to<br>of 8 bits per symbol. Modulation quality may be<br>ase locked to an external reference.<br>I kHz to 100 MHz in W-CDMA and cdma2000 <sup>1,</sup> |  |  |
| Fo<br>fro<br>50<br>de<br>Baseba | r external so<br>m 1000 syn<br>r internally (<br>Msymbols/<br>graded at hi<br>nd reference<br>put | nbols/sec to a maximu<br>generated data, symbo<br>/sec. and a maximum o<br>igh symbol rates.<br><b>se frequency</b><br>Data clock can be ph<br>13 MHz for GSM, 250<br>ECL, CMOS, TTL com | m symbol rate of <u>50 Mbits/sec</u><br>#bits/symbol<br>I rate is adjustable from 1000 symbols/sec to<br>of 8 bits per symbol. Modulation quality may be<br>ase locked to an external reference.<br>I kHz to 100 MHz in W-CDMA and cdma2000 <sup>1,</sup> |  |  |

<sup>1.</sup> Performance below 1 MHz not specified.

<sup>2.</sup> When used, this baseband reference is independent of the 10 MHz RF reference.

| Internally ge   | enerated data             |  |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--|
| Pseudo-ra       | andom patterns            | PN9, PN11, PN15, PN20, PN23            |
| Repeating       | g sequence                | Any 4-bit sequence                     |
|                 |                           | Other fixed patterns                   |
| Direct-patte    | rn RAM [PRAM]             |  |
| Max size        | Option 601                | 8 Mbits                                |
|                 | Option 602                | 64 Mbits                               |
|                 |                           | [each bit uses an entire sample space] |
| Use             | Non-standard framing      |  |
| User file       |                           |  |
| Max size        | Option 601                | 800 KB                                 |
|                 | Option 602                | 6.4 MB                                 |
| Use             | Continuous modulation of  | or internally generated TDMA standard  |
| Externally g    | enerated data             |  |
| Туре            | Serial data               |  |
| Inputs          | Data, bit clock, symbol s | sync                                   |
|                 | Accepts data rates ±5%    | of specified data rate                 |
| ternal burst sh | ape control               |  |
| Varies with     | standards and bit rates   |  |
| Rise/fall       | time range                | Up to 30 bits                          |
| Rise/fall       | delay range               | 0 to 63.5 bits                         |
|                 |                           |  |

## Specifications for Signal Personality Characteristics

**3GPP W-CDMA** 

[arbitrary waveform mode<sup>2</sup>] [Option 400]

#### Error vector magnitude<sup>1</sup>

 $\begin{array}{ll} [1.8 \mbox{ GHz} < \mbox{f}_c < 2.2 \mbox{ GHz}, \mbox{ default W-CDMA filters}, 2.1 \mbox{ MHz} \mbox{ baseband filter}, \\ 3.84 \mbox{ Mcps chip rate}, \le 4 \mbox{ dBm}, \le 7 \mbox{ dBm with Option UNB}] \\ 1 \mbox{ DPCH} \qquad \le 2.3\%, \ (< 1.3\%) \end{array}$ 

Level accuracy [relative to CW at 800, 900, 1800, 1900, 2200 MHz]<sup>1</sup> [≤ 2.5 dBm standard, 7.5 dBm for Option UNB, and 4.5 dBm for Option 506] ±0.7 dB (±0.35 dB)

#### Adjacent channel leakage ratio<sup>1</sup>

#### Alternate channel leakage ratio<sup>1</sup>

1. Parentheses denote typical performance.

2. Valid for 23°  $\pm$ 5° C.

#### IS-95 CDMA

[arbitrary waveform mode<sup>2</sup>] [Option 401]

#### Spurious emissions

[dBc, IS-95 modified filter with equalizer and amplitude =  $\le$  -5 dBm standard,  $\le$  -3 dBm for Option 506,  $\le$  0 dBm for Option UNB]<sup>1</sup>

| Frequencies/offsets   | <i>0.885 to 1.25 MHz</i><br>Standard Option 50 |                                 | <i>1.25 to</i><br>Standard ( | <i>1.98 MHz</i><br>Option 506 | <i>1.98 to 5 MHz</i><br>Standard Option 50 |                         |  |
|---|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| Reverse<br>30 – 200 MHz<br>700 – 1000 MHz<br>>1000 – 2000 MHz       | (–74)<br>–73 (–77)<br>–76 (–79)                | (–74)<br>–73 (–77)<br>–75 (–79) | (—77)<br>(—81)<br>(—83)      | (—77)<br>(—81)<br>(—83)       | (—80)<br>(—85)<br>(—85)                    | (—80)<br>(—85)<br>(—85) |  |
| 9/64 channels<br>30 – 200 MHz<br>700 – 1000 MHz<br>>1000 – 2000 MHz | (–70)<br>–73 (–76)<br>–72 (–76)                | (–70)<br>–73 (–76)<br>–71 (–76) | (—73)<br>(—79)<br>(—79)      | (—73)<br>(—79)<br>(—79)       | (—79)<br>(—82)<br>(—82)                    | (—79)<br>(—82)<br>(—82) |  |

**Rho**<sup>1</sup>[ $\leq$  4 dBm standard and Option 506, or  $\leq$  7 dBm Option UNB, IS-95 filter,  $\leq$  2 GHz]  $\rho \geq$  0.9992 (.9998)

#### cdma2000

[arbi<mark>trary waveform mode]</mark> [Opt<mark>ion 401]</mark>

#### Spurious emissions

[dBc, IS-95 modified filter with equalizer and amplitude =  $\leq$  -5 dBm standard,  $\leq$  -3 dBm for Option 506,  $\leq$  0 dBm for Option UNB]

|                                     | Of                               | fsets from center of car | rier           |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| Frequencies/offsets                 | 2.135 to 2.50 MHz                | 2.50 to 3.23 MHz         | 3.23 to 10 MHz |
| Forwa <mark>rd 9 chann</mark> el, S | R3/multi-carrier <sup>1, 3</sup> |                          |                |
| 30 – 200 MHz                        | (70)                             | (69)                     | (-72)          |
| 700 – 1000 MHz                      | (75)                             | (74)                     | c (-77) o n c  |
| >1000 – 2000 MHz                    | (—75)                            | (74)                     | (–77)          |
| Offse                               | ts from center of car            | rier                     |                |
| Frequencies/offsets                 | 2.655 to 3.75 MHz                | 3.75 to 5.94 MHz         | 5.94 to 10 MHz |
| Forward 9 channel, S                | R3/DS <sup>1,4</sup>             |                          |                |
| 30 – 200 MHz                        | (76)                             | (78)                     | (78)           |
| 700 – 1000 MHz                      | (—80)                            | (—83)                    | (85)           |
| >1000 – 2000 MHz                    | (80)                             | (—83)                    | (—85)          |
| Reverse 5 channel, Sl               | R3/DS <sup>1,3</sup>             |                          |                |
| 30 – 200 MHz                        | (78)                             | (—78)                    | (78)           |
| 700 – 1000 MHz                      | (82)                             | (83)                     | (85)           |
| >1000 – 2000 MHz                    | (82)                             | (83)                     | (—85)          |
| Frror vector magnitu                | de                               |                          |                |

#### Error vector magnitude

 $[\leq 4 \text{ dBm}$  standard and Option 506,  $\leq 7 \text{ dBm}$  for Option UNB]

[825 to 2100 MHz, SR3 pilot, IS-95 filter, which is optimized for EVM]<sup>1</sup>

EVM  $\leq 2.1\%, (\leq 1.5\%)$ 

<sup>1.</sup> Parentheses denote typical performance.

<sup>2.</sup> Valid for 23° ±5° C.

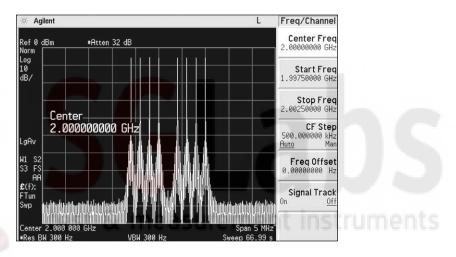
<sup>3.</sup> Measurements performed with 30 kHz BW, relative to power in one carrier.

<sup>4.</sup> Measurements performed with 30 kHz BW, relative to total power.

### Enhanced multitone<sup>1</sup>

[arbitrary waveform mode] [Option 408]

| 2 to 1024   |
|---|
| 1 kHz to 50 MHz, limited by 80 MHz I/Q bandwidth  |
| 0 to -50 dB   |
| Fixed, random or parabolic  |
| -50 to -90 dBc, depending on number of tones<br>and available calibration time.<br>Expected suppression = 80 dBc -10 log [N/8],<br>where N is the number of tones |
| 8 hours   |
| 10 minutes (8 tones, -80 dBc suppression)   |
| 1 dB/°C (typical for IMD products) 5 dB/°C<br>(worst case for LO feedthrough and unbalanced<br>images)  |
|   |





| AWGN                             |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| [real-time mode]<br>[Option 403] |  |
|                                  |  |

| Crest factor [output power set at least 16 dB below maximum power]<br>> 16 dB |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Randomness  | 89 bit pseudo-random generation, repetition period 3 x 10 <sup>9</sup> years |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carrier to noise ratio  | Magnitude error $\leq$ 0.2 dB at baseband I/Q outputs.                       |  |  |  |  |  |

#### 802.11 WLAN

[arbitrary waveform mode] [Option 417]<sup>1</sup>

#### EVM

#### (< 1%, -40 dB)

The EVM was measured with an 89641A vector signal analyzer with Option B7R.

Instrument and software settings listed below.

| ftware settings          |              | Source settings       |                 |
|--------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Data rate                | 54 Mbps      | Frequency             | 5.8/2.4/0.9 GHz |
| Modulation               | 64 QAM       | Output power          | ≤ -1 dBm        |
| Encoder                  | 3/4 rate     | Reconstruction filter | thru            |
| Scrambler                | active       | ALC                   | On              |
| interleaver              | active       | RF blanking           | Off             |
| Scrambler initialization | 5D           | Modulator Atten       | 8 to 10 dB      |
| Support carrier setup    | All channels | active                |                 |
| Idle interval            | 100 µS       | 89641A settings       |                 |
| OSR                      | ≥2           | Frequency             | 5.8/2.4/0.9 GHz |
| Window length            | ≥8           | Span                  | 20 MHz          |
| Data type                | PN15         | Range                 | optimal         |
| Data length              | 1024         | RMS video average     | 20              |

#### 802.11a spectral mask typical performance

(0 dbm, at 5.805 GHz, OSR: 4, window length: 16)

| 10.00 –<br>dB/ –     |   | -         | _         |               | _                | -          | -                  | -               |
|----------------------|---|-----------|-----------|---------------|------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------------|
|                      |   |           | 11        | 10. 10 Mar 10 | <u> // </u>      | -          |                    |                 |
| F                    |   |           |           |               | P                |            |                    |                 |
|                      |   |           | A         | _             |                  |            |                    |                 |
| E                    |   |           | Martin    |               | han              |            |                    |                 |
|                      |   |           |           |               |                  | The second |                    |                 |
| w.                   | and work of the second s | Alexand   |           |               | -                |            | ****************** | *************** |
| 5.                   | 775 GHz   |           | Abs Limit | Rel L         | imit             |            | 5.8                | 75 GHz          |
| otal Pwr:            | -0.36 dBm   | / 22.000  | 00 MHz F  |               | Ref: -19.        | 40 dBm     |                    |                 |
| itart(Hz)            |   | z) Meas B |           | dB            | ower<br>Freq(Hz) |            | dB F               | reg(Hz          |
| 9.0000 M             | 11.000  |           |           | 21.27         | 5.8160 G         | -22.       |                    | .8342           |
| 11.000 M<br>20.000 M | 20.000<br>30.000  |           |           | 32.13         | 5.8140 G         |            |                    | 5.8362          |
|                      |   |           | 3.00 k -  | 53.22         | 5.8049 6         | -54.       | .76 5              | 5.8453          |



#### **Custom modulation**

[real-time mode]

Custom digitally modulated signals [real-time mode]<sup>1,7</sup>

| Modulation                        | QPSK      | π/ <b>4DQPSK</b> | 16QAM               | 2FSK                        | GMSK                               |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Filter                            |           | Root Nyquist     | 1                   | Ga                          | aussian                            |
| Filter factor [ $a$ or $B_{b}T$ ] | 0.25      | 0.25             | 0.25                | 0.5                         | 0.5                                |
| Modulation index                  | N/A       | N/A              | N/A                 | 0.5                         | N/A                                |
| Symbol rate [Msym/s]              | 4         | 4                | 4                   | 1                           | 1                                  |
|                                   | Error     | vector magnit    | ude <sup>2, 6</sup> | Shift error <sup>2, 6</sup> | Global phase error <sup>2, 6</sup> |
|                                   |           | [% rms]          |                     | [% rms]                     | [degrees rms]                      |
| fc = 1 GHz                        | 1.1 (0.7) | 1.1 (0.7)        | 1.0 (0.6)           | 1.3 (0.8)                   | 0.4 (0.2)                          |
| fc = 2 GHz                        | 1.2 (0.8) | 1.2 (0.8)        | 1.0 (0.6)           | 1.4 (0.9)                   | 0.5 (0.3)                          |
| fc = 3 GHz                        | 1.6 (1.0) | 1.6 (1.0)        | 1.4 (0.8)           | 1.5 (1.0)                   | 0.6 (0.3)                          |
| fc = 4 GHz                        | 2.5 (1.3) | 2.5 (1.2)        | 2.8 (1.4)           | 3.0 (1.8)                   | 0.8 (0.5)                          |
| fc = 5 GHz                        | 1.5 (1.0) | 1.5 (1.0)        | 1.2 (0.8)           | 1.8 (1.2)                   | 0.6 (0.3)                          |
| fc = 6 GHz                        | 1.8 (1.2) | 1.8 (1.2)        | 1.4 (1.0)           | 2.0 (1.4)                   | 0.8 (0.4)                          |

#### Internal modulation using real-time TDMA personalities [Option 402]<sup>7</sup>

|   | NA     | DC     | P       | DC     | PI     | IS      | TET      | RA <sup>4</sup> | DECT           | GSM D  | CS, PCS  | EDGE      |
|---|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|---------|----------|-----------------|----------------|--------|----------|-----------|
| Error vector magnitude <sup>3, 6</sup> [% rms]    |        |        |         |        |        |         |          |                 |                |        |          |           |
| Low EVM mode                                      | 0.9    | (0.6)  | 0.9     | (0.7)  | 0.8    | (0.5)   | 0.8      | (0.5)           |                |        | 100      | 1.2 (0.6) |
| Low ACP mode                                      | (1     | .1)    | (0      | .9)    | (0     | .6)     | (1       | .0)             |                |        |          |           |
| Globa <mark>l phase error<sup>3</sup></mark>      |        |        |         |        |        |         |          |                 |                |        |          |           |
| rms   | N,     | /A     | N,      | /A     | N/     | /A      | N,       | /A              | N/A            | 0.6    | (0.3)    | N/A       |
| pk  | 1.10   |        |         |        |        |         |          |                 |                | 1.9    | (1.0)    |           |
| Deviation accuracy <sup>3</sup> [kHz, rms]        | N.     | /Α     | N/A N/A |        | /A     | N/A 2.5 |          | 2.5 (1.1)       | N              | /A     | N/A      |           |
| Channel spacing [kHz]                             | 3      | 0      | 2       | 5      | 300 25 |         | 1728     | 200             |                | 200    |          |           |
| Adjacent channel power <sup>3</sup> [ACP]         | Cont.  | Burst  | Cont.   | Burst  | Cont.  | Burst   | Cont.    | Burst           | N/A            | Cont.  | Burst    | N/A       |
| (Low ACP mode, dBc)                               |        |        |         | 621    | . GL   |         | 205      | ure             | ment           | 1115   |          | пепі      |
| at adjacent channel <sup>5</sup>                  | (-35)  | (-34)  | -       | -      | -      | -       | (-70)    | (-64)           |                | (-37)  | (-37)    |           |
| at <mark>1st alternate channel<sup>5</sup></mark> | (-80)  | (-79)  | (-74)   | (-74)  | (-83)  | (-79)   | (-81)    | (-80)           |                | (-71)  | (-71)    |           |
| at 2nd alternate channel <sup>5</sup>             | (-84)  | (-84)  | -       | -      | (-85)  | (-82)   | (-82)    | (-82)           |                | (-87)  | (-84)    |           |
| at 3rd alternate channel <sup>5</sup>             | (-86)  | (-85)  | (-82)   | (-82)  | -      | -       | (-84)    | (-84)           |                | (-88)  | (-85)    |           |
| Support burst types                               | Cus    | tom    | Cus     | tom    | Cus    | tom     | Cus      | tom             | Custom         | Custom | , normal |           |
|   | up/dov | vn TCH | up/dov  | vn TCH | TCH,   | sync    | up contr | ol 1 & 2,       | dummy B 1 & 2, | Fcorr  | , sync,  |           |
|   |        |        | up      | Vox    |        |         | up no    | rmal,           | traffic B,     | dummy  | , access |           |
|   |        |        |         |        |        |         | down r   | normal,         | low capacity   |        |          |           |
| Scramble capability                               |        |        |         |        | Ye     | es      | Ye       | es              |                |        |          |           |

1. This level of performance can be attained using the external I/Q inputs, provided the quality of the baseband signal meets or exceeds that of the ESG baseband generator.

<sup>2.</sup> Specifications apply at power levels  $\leq$  +4 dBm [ $\leq$  +5 dBm for Option 506, and  $\leq$  +8 dBm for Option UNB] with default scale factor of I/Q outputs.

Specifications apply for the symbol rates, filter, filter factors [a or BbT] and default scaling factor specified for each standard, and at power levels ≤ +7 dBm [≤ +10 dBm for Option UNB].

<sup>4.</sup> ACP for TETRA is measured over a 25 kHz bandwidth, with an 18 kHz root raised cosine filter. Low ACP mode is valid at power levels  $\leq$  -1 dBm [ $\leq$  1 dBm for Option 506 and  $\leq$  +4 dBm for Option UNB].

<sup>5.</sup> The "channel spacing" determines the offset size of the adjacent and alternate channels: Adjacent channel offset = 1 x channel spacing, 1st alternate channel = 2 x channel spacing, 2nd alternate channel = 3 x channel spacing, etc.

Tst alternate channel – 2 x channel spacing, zhu alternate channel – 5 x channel spacing, etc.

<sup>6.</sup> Valid after executing I/Q calibration and maintained within +/- 5 °C of the calibration temperature.

| GSM/GPRS                         | Multiframe output data genera        | ation   |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| [real-time mode]<br>[Option 402] | Coding scheme                        | Full-rate speech [TCH/FS]<br>CS-1, CS-4   |
|                                  | Data                                 | PN9 or PN15   |
|                                  |                                      | The selected data sequence is coded continuously<br>across the RLC data block as per ETSI TS 100 909, 3GPP<br>TS 05.03, V8.9.0, 2000-11 [release 1999]<br>An independent version of the selected data sequence<br>is coded across the MAC header. |
|                                  | Frame structure                      | 26-frame multi-frame structure as per ETSI<br>GSM, 05.01 version 6.1.1 [1998-07].<br>[Coding is done on frames 0-11, 13-24, of the multi-frame.<br>Frame 25 is idle [RF blanked].]  |
|                                  | Adjacent timeslots                   |   |
|                                  | Data                                 | PN9, PN15 coded as per ETSI TS 100 909, 3GPP<br>TS 05.03, V8.9.0, 2000-11 [release 1999].   |
|                                  | Frame structure                      | 26-frame multi-frame structure as per ETSI GSM,<br>5.01 version 6.1.1 [1998-07].  |
|                                  | Multiframe measurements <sup>1</sup> |   |
|                                  | GSM measurement modes                |   |
|                                  | Static sensitivity                   | RBER at user-specified power level measured.<br>[This is the complete conformance test as defined in<br>pri-ETS 300 609-1 [GSM 11.21] version 4.12.0 [Dec 98],<br>section 7.3.4.]   |
|                                  | Sensitivity search                   | Automatically finds the input level [sensitivity] that causes<br>a user-specified RBER [normally 2%] for class II bits.   |
|                                  | Maximum frame cour                   | n <mark>t 6</mark> ,000,000 speech frames   |
|                                  | GSM measurement results              | Class Ib bit-error ratio [RBER for TCH/FS]<br>Class II bit-error ratio [RBER for TCH/FS]<br>Frame erasure ratio [FER]<br>Downlink error frame count<br>Class Ib bit-error count<br>Class II bit-error count<br>Erased frame count                 |
|                                  |                                      | Total frame count   |
|                                  | Maximum RBER                         | 50%   |
|                                  | Maximum FER                          | 100%  |
|                                  |                                      | 100/0   |

#### Alternate time slot power level control

[Valid for standard attenuator only. Not applicable to Option UNB or Option 506] Amplitude is settled within 0.5 dB in 20 µsecs, +4 to -136 dBm at 23 ±5 °C

| EDGE/EGPRS                     | Multiframe output data genera                                      |   |
|--------------------------------|--|---|
| real-time mode]<br>Option 402] | Coding scheme  | MCS-1: uplink and downlink, MCS-5: uplink and downlink, MCS-9: uplink and downlink, E-TCH/F43.2   |
|                                | Data   | PN9 or PN15<br>The selected data sequence is fully coded<br>continuously across the RLC data blocks according to<br>MCS-1, MCS-5, MCS-9 or E-TCH/F43.2. An independent<br>version of the selected data sequence is coded across the<br>unused RLC/MAC header fields [The CPS header field is<br>as defined in GSM 04.60 V8.50].           |
|                                | Frame structure  | 52-frame multi-frame structure for EDGE/EGPRS channel<br>as per ETSI TS 100 909, 3GPP TS 05.03, V8.9.0, 2000-11<br>[release 1999]. [Coding is done on frames 0-11, 13-24,<br>26-37, 39-50 on a 52 PDCH multi-frame. Frame 25 and<br>51 are idle [RF blanked].]  |
|                                | Adjacent timeslots   |   |
|                                | Data   | Coded MCS-1, MCS-5 or MCS-9 with continuous PN9 or<br>PN15 sequence data payload.<br>Uncoded PN9, PN15.<br>Note: Maximum of 4 timeslots can be turned on with<br>EDGE/EGPRS multi-frame coded data.   |
|                                | Frame structure  | EDGE/EGPRS PDCH multi-frame.<br>Repeating EDGE frame.   |
|                                | Multif <mark>ram</mark> e measure <mark>men</mark> ts <sup>1</sup> |   |
|                                | EDGE measurement modes<br>Static sensitivity                       | BER/BLER at user-specified power level measured;<br>based on bit errors in total unencoded data, and block<br>errors in coded channels.   |
|                                | Sensitivity search<br>BER/BLER                                     | Automatically finds the input level [sensitivity] that causes user-specified BER [uncoded] or BER [coded].  |
|                                | EDGE measurement results   | Erased data block count/rate for coded channel<br>[MCS-1, MCS-5 or MCS-9].<br>Total data block count for coded channel<br>[MCS-1, MCS-5 or MCS-9].<br>Payload bit error count/rate for raw BER.<br>Total burst count for raw BER. Data block count which<br>contains residual bit errors and bit error count.<br>Downlink error reporting |

#### GSM/EDGE base station bit error rate test [BERT] [Option 300]

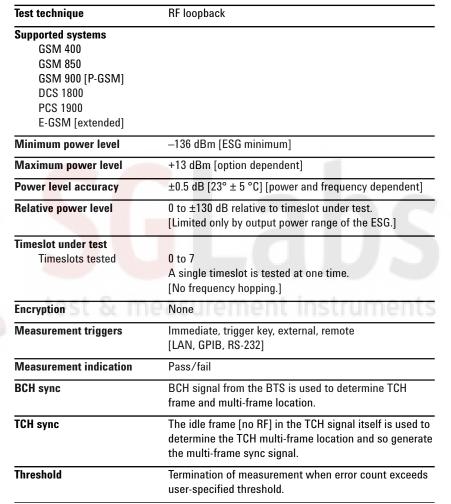
This is a system of two instruments; an ESG with Option 300, and a VSA with Option 300. Both are required. Option 300 for the ESG requires Option 601 or 602, the TDMA personalities [Option 402], and the UN7 BER board. The VSA functions as an IF downconverter. It may be used simultaneously to make transmitter measurements on the loop back signal.

#### **GSM BTS test only**

E4406A VSA series transmitter tester with Options BAH [GSM measurement personality] and Option 300 [321.4 MHz output].

#### GSM/EDGE BTS test

E4406A VSA series transmitter tester with Option 202 [GSM and EDGE measurement personality] and Option 300 [321.4 MHz output].





Bit error rate [BER] analyzer [Option UN7]

| Clock rate  | 100 Hz to 60 MHz  |
|---|---|
| Supported data patterns   | PN9, 11, 15, 20, 23   |
| Resolution  | 10 digits   |
| Bit sequence length 100 bits to 4.294 Gbits after synchronization |   |
| Features  | Input clock phase adjustment and gate delay<br>Adjustable input threshold<br>Hi/lo threshold selectable from 0.7 V [TTL], 1.4 V [TTL]<br>1.65 V [CMOS 3.3], 2.5 V [CMOS 5.0]<br>Direct measurement triggering<br>Data and reference signal outputs<br>Real-time display<br>Bit count<br>Error-bit-count<br>Bit error rate<br>Pass/fail indication<br>Valid data and clock detection<br>Automatic re-synchronization<br>Special pattern ignore |





### **Operating characteristics**

|  | 00.054.14.50   |  |                  |
|--|--|--|------------------|
| Power requirements                       | 90 to 254 V; 50, or 60 Hz; 300 W maximum,<br>power factor corrected. Not for 400 MHz use. <sup>3</sup>   |  |                  |
| Operating temperature range <sup>2</sup> | 0 to 55 °C   |  |                  |
| Storage temperature range                | –40 to 71 °C   |  |                  |
| Shock and vibration                      | Meets MIL-STD-28800E Type III, Class 3.  |  |                  |
| Leakage                                  | Conducted and radiated interference meets<br>MIL-STD-461C CE02 Part 2 and CISPR 11. Leakage is<br>typically < 1 $\mu$ V [nominally 0.1 $\mu$ V with a 2-turn loop] at<br>$\leq$ 1000 MHz, measured with a resonant dipole antenna,<br>one inch from any surface with output level < 0 dBm<br>[all inputs/outputs properly terminated]. |  |                  |
| Storage registers                        | Memory is shared by instrument states, user data files,<br>sweep list files and waveform sequences. Depending on<br>the number and size of these files, up to 100 storage<br>registers and 1000 register sequences [10 per register]<br>are available.   |  |                  |
| Weight                                   | < 16 kg [35 lb.]   | net, < 23 kg [50 lb.] s  | hipping          |
| Dimensions                               | 133 mm H x 426 mm W x 432 mm D<br>[5.25 in H x 16.8 in W x 17 in D]  |  |                  |
| Remote programming<br>Interface          | GPIB [IEEE-488.<br>LAN [10BaseT].  | 2-1987] with listen a  | nd talk, RS-232, |
| Control languages <sup>1</sup>           | SCPI version 1996.0, also compatible with 8656B and 8657A/B/C/D/J1 mnemonics.  |  |                  |
| Functions controlled                     | All front panel functions except power switch and knob.  |  |                  |
| ISO compliant                            | registered facili  | G is manufactured in<br>ty in concurrence wit<br>ogies commitment to | th               |
| Reverse power protection                 |  |  |                  |
|  | tandard  | With Option  | 506              |
|  | 7 dBm  | 30 dBm   |                  |
|  | 4 dBm<br>I/A   | 30 dBm<br>30 dBm   |                  |
|  | 0 V  |  |                  |
|  |  |  |                  |
| SWR <sup>4</sup>                         | Standard   | Option UNB   | Option 506       |
| 250 kHz to 2.2 GHz                       | (< 1.4:1)  | (< 1.4:1)  | (< 1.5:1)        |
| > 2.2 GHz to 3 GHz                       | (< 1.4:1)  | (< 1.5:1)  | (< 1.7:1)        |
| > 3 GHz to 4 GHz                         | (< 1.4:1)  | (< 1.8:1)  | (< 2.1:1)        |
| > 4 GHz to 6 GHz                         | N/A  | Ň/A  | (< 2.0:1)        |
|  |  |  |                  |



- 2. Save and recall of user files and instrument states from non-volatile storage is guaranteed only over the range 0 to 40 °C.
- 3. For 400 MHz systems, order transformer 70001-60066.
- 4. Parentheses denote typical performance.

<sup>1.</sup> ESG series does not implement 8657A/B "Standby" or "On" [R0 or R1, respectively] mnemonics.

| Accessories  | Transit case                         | Part number 9211-1296   |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Inputs and outputs</b><br>All front panel connectors can be moved<br>to rear with Option 1EM. | 10 MHz input                         | Accepts a 1, 2, 5, or 10 MHz ±10 ppm [standard timebase]<br>or ±1 ppm [high-stability timebase] reference signal for<br>operation with an external timebase. Nominal input<br>level –3.5 to +20 dBm, impedance 50 ohms.<br>[BNC, rear panel]  |
|  | 10 MHz output                        | Outputs the 10 MHz reference signal. Level nominally<br>+3.9 dBm ±2 dB. Nominal output impedance 50 ohms.<br>[BNC, rear panel]  |
|  | Alternate power input                | Accepts CMOS <sup>1</sup> signal for synchronization of external<br>data and alternate power signal timing. The damage<br>levels are –0.5 to +5.5 V. [Auxiliary I/O connector,<br>rear panel]   |
|  | Baseband generator reference input   | Accepts 0 to +20 dBm sinewave, or TTL squarewave,<br>to use as reference clock for the baseband generator.<br>Phase locks the internal data generator to the external<br>reference; the RF frequency is still locked to the 10 MHz<br>reference. Rate is 250 kHz to 100 MHz, 50 ohms<br>nominal, AC coupled. [BNC, rear panel]  |
|  | Burst gate input                     | The burst gate in connector accepts a CMOS <sup>1</sup> signal for gating burst power in digital modulation applications. The burst gating is used when you are externally supplying data and clock information. The input signal must be synchronized with the external data input that will be output during the burst. The burst power envelope and modulated data are internally delayed and re-synchronized. The input signal must be CMOS high for normal burst RF power or CW RF output power and CMOS low for RF off. The damage levels are -0.5 to +5.5 V. |
|  |                                      | This female BNC connector is provided on signal<br>generators with Option 601 or 602. On signal generators<br>with Option 1EM, this input is relocated to a rear panel<br>SMB connector. With Option 401, this connector is used<br>for the even second synchronization input.  |
|  | Coherent carrier output <sup>2</sup> | Outputs RF modulated with FM or $\Phi$ M, but not IQ,<br>pulse or AM. Nominal power –2 dBm ±5 dB. Nominal<br>impedance 50 ohms. Frequency range from > 250 MHz<br>to 4 GHz. For RF carriers below this range, output<br>frequency = 1 GHz – frequency of RF output. Damage<br>levels 20 VDC and 13 dBm reverse RF power.<br>[SMA, rear panel]   |

1. Rear panel inputs and outputs are 3.3 V CMOS, unless indicated otherwise. CMOS inputs will accept 5 V CMOS, 3 V CMOS, or TTL voltage levels.

2. Coherent carrier is modulated by FM or  $\Phi$ M when enabled.

|  | Data clock input  | The CMOS <sup>1</sup> compatible data clock connector<br>accepts an externally supplied data-clock input for<br>digital modulation applications. The expected input is a<br>bit clock signal where the falling edge is used to clock<br>the data and symbol sync signals. |
|--|-------------------|---|
|  |                   | The maximum clock rate is 50 MHz. The damage levels are $-0.5$ to $+5.5$ V.   |
|  |                   | This female BNC connector is provided on signal generators with Option 601 or 602. On signal generators with Option 1EM, this input is relocated to a rear panel SMB connector.   |
|  | Data clock output | Relays a CMOS <sup>1</sup> bit clock signal for synchronizing serial data. [Auxiliary I/O connector, rear panel]  |
|  | Data input        | The CMOS <sup>1</sup> compatible data connector accepts an externally supplied data input for digital modulation applications. CMOS high is equivalent to a data 1 and a CMOS low is equivalent to a data 0.  |
|  |                   | The maximum data rate is 50 Mb/s. The data must be valid on the data clock falling edges [normal mode] or the symbol sync falling edges [symbol mode]. The damage levels are -0.5 to +5.5 V.  |
|  |                   | This female BNC connector is provided on signal generators with Option 601 or 602. On signal generators with Option 1EM, this input is relocated to a rear panel SMB connector.   |
|  | Data output       | Outputs serial data from the internal data generator or the externally supplied signal at the data input. CMOS <sup>1</sup> signal. [Auxiliary I/O connector, rear panel]   |
|  | Event 1 output    | In real-time mode, outputs pattern or frame<br>synchronization pulse for triggering or gating external<br>equipment. May be set to start at the beginning of a<br>pattern, frame, or timeslot and is adjustable to within<br>± one timeslot with one bit resolution.      |
|  |                   | In arbitrary waveform mode, this connector outputs the timing signal generated by marker 1. [BNC, rear panel]   |
|  | Event 2 output    | In real-time mode, outputs data enable signal for gating<br>external equipment. Applicable when external data is<br>clocked into internally generated timeslots. Data is<br>enabled when signal is low.   |
|  |                   | In arbitrary waveform mode, this connector outputs the timing signal generated by marker 2. [BNC, rear panel]   |
|  | Event 3 output    | In arbitrary waveform mode, this connector outputs the timing signal generated by marker 3. [Auxiliary I/O connector, rear panel]   |
|  | Event 4 output    | In arbitrary waveform mode, this connector outputs the timing signal generated by marker 4. [Auxiliary I/O connector, rear panel]   |

| External 1 input |                              | This BNC input connector accepts a ±1 V <sub>peak</sub> signal for AM, FM, pulse, burst, and phase modulation. For all these modulations, ±1 V <sub>peak</sub> produces the indicated deviation or depth. When ac-coupled inputs are selected for AM, FM, or phase modulation and the peak input voltage differs from 1 V <sub>peak</sub> by more than 3%, the hi/lo annunciator light on the display. The input impedance is 50 ohms and the damage levels are 5 V <sub>rms</sub> and 10 V <sub>peak</sub> .  |
|------------------|------------------------------|--|
|                  |                              | If you configure your signal generator with Option 1EM,<br>this input is relocated to a female BNC connector on the<br>rear panel.   |
|                  | External 2 input             | This BNC input connector accepts a $\pm 1 V_{peak}$ signal for AM, FM, phase modulation, and pulse modulation. With AM, FM, or phase modulation, $\pm 1 V_{peak}$ produces the indicated deviation or depth. With pulse modulation, $\pm 1 V$ is on and 0 V is off. When ac-coupled inputs are selected for AM, FM, or phase modulation, and the peak voltage differs from 1 $V_{peak}$ by more than 3%, the hi/lo annunciator light on the display. The input impedance is 50 ohms and the damage levels are 5 $V_{rms}$ and 10 $V_{peak}$ .                  |
|                  |                              | If you configure your signal generator with Option 1EM,<br>this input is relocated to a female BNC connector on the<br>rear panel.   |
|                  | GPIB                         | Allows communication with compatible devices.<br>[rear panel]  |
|                  | l input                      | Accepts an I input either for I/Q modulation or for<br>wideband AM. Nominal input impedance 50 or 600 ohms.<br>Damage levels are 1 V <sub>rms</sub> and 10 V <sub>peak</sub> . [BNC, front panel]  |
|                  | l out and Q out <sup>1</sup> | <ul> <li>The I out and Q out connectors output the analog components of I/Q modulation from the internal baseband generator. The nominal output impedance of these connectors are 50 Ω, DC-coupled. The damage levels are &gt; +3.5 V and &lt; -3.5 V. The output signal levels into a 50 Ω load are as follows: <ul> <li>(0.5 V<sub>peak</sub>), corresponds to one unit length of the I/Q vector.</li> <li>(0.7 V<sub>peak</sub>), for peaks for π/4 DQPSK.</li> <li>(1.6 V<sub>p-p</sub>) maximum [Options 601, 602, 001, 002 only].</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
|                  |                              | These female BNC connectors are provided on signal<br>generators with Option 601 or 602. On signal generators<br>with Option 1EM, these inputs are relocated to rear<br>panel SMB connectors.  |

|  | $\overline{1} \text{ and } \overline{\Omega} \text{ out }$ | $\overline{I}$ and $\overline{\Omega}$ are used in conjunction with I and $\Omega$ to<br>provide a balanced baseband stimulus. Balanced signals<br>are signals present in two separate conductors that are<br>symmetrical about the common mode offset, and are<br>opposite in polarity [180 degrees out of phase]. |
|--|--|---|
|  |  | These female BNC connectors are provided only on signal generators with Option 601 or 602. If you configure your signal generator with Option 1EM, these inputs are relocated to rear panel SMB connectors.   |
|  | LF output  | Outputs the internally-generated LF source. Outputs 0 to 2.5 $V_{peak}$ into 50 ohms, or 0 to 5 $V_{peak}$ into high impedance. [BNC, front panel]  |
|  | Pattern trigger input                                      | Accepts CMOS <sup>1</sup> signal to trigger internal pattern or frame<br>generator to start single pattern output. Minimum pulse<br>width 100 ns. The damage levels are –0.5 to +5.5 V.<br>[BNC, rear panel]  |
|  | Q input  | Accepts a Q input for I/Q modulation. Nominal input impedance 50 or 600 ohms, damage levels are 1 $V_{rms}$ and 10 $V_{peak}.$ [BNC, front panel]   |
|  | RF output  | Nominal output impedance 50 ohms.<br>[type-N female, front panel]   |
|  | Sweep output   | Generates output voltage, 0 to +10 V when signal<br>generator is sweeping. Output impedance < 1 ohm, can<br>drive 2000 ohms. [BNC, rear panel]  |
|  | Symbol sync input  | The CMOS <sup>1</sup> compatible symbol sync connector accepts<br>an externally supplied symbol sync for digital modulation<br>applications. The expected input is a symbol clock signal.<br>It may be used in two modes. When used as a symbol<br>sync in conjunction with a data clock, the signal must be        |
|  |  | high during the first data bit of the symbol. The signal<br>must be valid during the falling edge of the data clock<br>signal and may be a single pulse or continuous. When<br>the symbol sync itself is used as the [symbol] clock, the<br>falling edge is used to clock the data signal.                          |
|  |  | The maximum clock rate is 50 MHz. The damage levels are –0.5 to +5.5 V. [BNC, front panel]  |
|  |  | This female BNC connector is provided on signal generators with Option 601 or 602. On signal generators with Option 1EM, this input is relocated to a rear panel SMB connector.   |
|  | Symbol sync output   | Outputs CMOS <sup>1</sup> symbol clock for symbol synchronization,<br>one data clock period wide. [Auxiliary I/O connector,<br>rear panel]  |
|  | Trigger input  | Accepts CMOS <sup>1</sup> signal for triggering point-to-point in manual sweep mode, or to trigger start of LF sweep. the damage levels are –0.5 to +5.5 V. [BNC, rear panel]   |
|  | Trigger output   | Outputs a TTL signal: high at start of dwell, or when<br>waiting for point trigger in manual sweep mode; low<br>when dwell is over or point trigger is received, high or<br>low 2 µs pulse at start of LF sweep. [BNC, rear panel]  |

| Vith Option UN7<br>BER data, BER clock | Accepts CMOS <sup>1</sup> or 75 $\Omega$ input. Polarity is selected.  |
|--|--|
| BER gate                               | Clock duty and inputs cycle is 30% to 70%. [SMB, rear panel  |
| BER sync loss output                   | <ul> <li>Outputs a CMOS<sup>1</sup> signal that is low when sync is lost.</li> <li>Valid only when measure end signal is high. [Auxiliary I/O connector, rear panel]</li> </ul>  |
| BER no data output                     | Outputs a CMOS <sup>1</sup> signal that is low when no data is detected<br>Valid only when measure end is high. [Auxiliary I/O<br>connector, rear panel]   |
| BER error-bit-output                   | Outputs CMOS <sup>1</sup> signal when error bit is detected. Pulse widtl<br>matches the input clock. [Auxiliary I/O connector, rear panel]   |
| BER test result outpu                  | It Outputs a CMOS <sup>1</sup> signal that is high for fail and low for pass<br>Valid only on measure end signal falling edge. [Auxiliary I/O<br>connector, rear panel]  |
| BER measure<br>end output              | Outputs a CMOS <sup>1</sup> signal that is high during measurement.<br>Trigger events are ignored while high. [Auxiliary I/O<br>connector, rear panel]   |
| BER measure trigger                    | Accepts CMOS <sup>1</sup> signal to initiate BER measurement.<br>Polarity is selectable; available when trigger source is<br>selected as "AUX I/O". Damage levels are The damage<br>levels are -0.5 to +5.5 V. [Auxiliary I/O connector, rear panel] |
| With Option 300                        |  |
| 321.4 MHz input                        | Accepts a 321.4 MHz IF signal for GSM/EDGE/loopback<br>testing. Input amplitude range -7 dBm to -22 dBm.<br>Nominal input impedance 50 ohms.<br>[SMB, rear panel]  |



LAN communication is supported by the signal generator via the LAN connector. It is functionally equivalent to the GPIB connector. The LAN connector enables the signal generator to be remotely programmed by a LAN-connected computer. The distance between a computer and the signal generator is limited to 100 meters [10BaseT]. For more information about the LAN, refer to the *Getting Started* chapter in the *Programming Guide*.

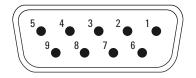
| Data transfer speeds <sup>2</sup>                                    |                                     |               |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| LAN [FTP]  | file transfer to volatile memory    | (700 KB/sec)  |
|  | to hard drive                       | (500 KB/sec)  |
| LAN [SCPI]   | command transfer to volatile memory | (146 KB/sec)  |
|  | to hard drive                       | (128 KB/sec)  |
| Internal file transfer from hard drive to volatile memory (1280 KB/s |                                     | (1280 KB/sec) |

1. Rear panel inputs and outputs are 3.3 V CMOS, unless indicated otherwise. CMOS inputs will accept 5 V CMOS, 3 V CMOS, or TTL voltage levels.

#### **RS-232** connector

This male DB-9 connector is an RS-232 serial port that can be used for controlling the signal generator remotely. It is functionally equivalent to the GPIB connector. The following table shows the description of the pinouts. The pin configuration is shown below.

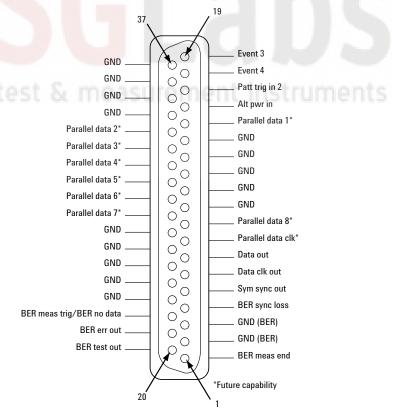
| Pin number | Signal description | Signal name |
|------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 1          | No connection      |             |
| 2          | Receive data       | RECV        |
| 3          | Transmit data      | XMIT        |
| 4          | +5 V               |             |
| 5          | Ground, 0 V        |             |
| 6          | No connection      |             |
| 7          | Request to send    | RTS         |
| 8          | Clear to send      | CTS         |
| 9          | No connection      |             |



View looking into rear panel connector

#### Auxiliary I/O connector

This connector enables you to access the inputs and outputs of the baseband generator. The figure below shows the Auxiliary I/O pin connector configuration.



#### View looking into rear panel connector

Mating connector

37 pin male D-subminiature, available from AMP, 3M, others.

## **Ordering Information**<sup>1</sup>

| Frequency options                     |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Frequency options                     | • 501 1 GHz frequency range   |
|                                       | • 502 2 GHz frequency range   |
|                                       | • 503 3 GHz frequency range   |
|                                       | • 504 4 GHz frequency range   |
|                                       | • 506 6 GHz frequency range [requires option UNJ, includes mechanical attenuator]   |
| Performance enhancement options       | UNB High output power with mechanical attenuator  |
|                                       | [included with 506]   |
|                                       | UNJ Enhanced phase noise performance  |
|                                       | [includes 1E5]  |
|                                       | 1E5 High-stability time base  |
|                                       | 1EM Moves all front panel connectors to rear  |
|                                       | <ul> <li>003<sup>2</sup> ESG digital output connectivity with N5102A Baseband Studio digital</li> </ul>                                 |
|                                       | interface module  |
|                                       | <ul> <li>004<sup>2</sup> ESG digital input connectivity with N5102A Baseband Studio digital</li> </ul>                                  |
|                                       | interface module  |
|                                       | • 601 Internal baseband generator with 8 MSa and digital bus capability   |
|                                       | [40 MB] of memory   |
|                                       | 602 Internal baseband generator with 64 MSa and digital bus capability  |
|                                       | [320 MB] of memory  |
|                                       | 005 <sup>3</sup> 6 GB internal hard drive   |
|                                       | UN7 Internal bit-error-rate analyzer     300 GSM/EDGE base station loopback BERT  |
|                                       | Sub down EDGE base station hopback ben i  |
|                                       |   |
| Signal creation software <sup>3</sup> |   |
|                                       | 3GPP W-CDMA FDD personality   |
|                                       | cdma2000 and IS-95-A personality     TDMA personality     TDMA personality  |
|                                       | <ul> <li>TDMA personality (GSM, EDGE, GPRS, EGPRS, NADC, PDC, PHS, DECT, TETRA)</li> <li>Calibrated noise (AWGN) personality</li> </ul> |
|                                       | • GPS personality   |
|                                       | Signal Studio for 1xEV-DO   |
|                                       | Signal Studio for 1xEV-DV and cdma2000  |
|                                       | Signal Studio for 802.11 WLAN   |
|                                       | Signal Studio for Bluetooth™  |
|                                       | Signal Studio for enhanced multitone  |
|                                       | Signal Studio for HSDPA over W-CDMA   |
|                                       | Signal Studio for TD-SCDMA (TSM)  |
|                                       | Signal Studio for noise power ratio (NPR)   |
| Baseband Studio products <sup>4</sup> |   |
| Pasenana stanio hionacis.             | N5102A Baseband Studio digital signal interface module  |
|                                       | N5110A Baseband Studio for waveform streaming <sup>5</sup>  |
|                                       | N5115A Baseband Studio for fading <sup>5</sup>  |
|                                       | <ul> <li>N5101A Baseband Studio PCI card<sup>5</sup></li> </ul>   |
| System accessories                    | 1CP Back mount kit with handles   |
|                                       | • 1CN Front handle kit  |
|                                       |   |

1. All options should be ordered using E4438C-xxx, where the xxx represents the option number. For more information, please refer to the configuration guide publication number 5988-4085EN.

- 3. Requuires Option 001, 002, 601, or 602.
- 4. Agilent's Baseband Studio is a suite of baseband signal applications and accessories that initially work with the E4438C ESG and E8267C PSG vector signal generators to enhance Agilent's signal creation and signal generation tool set. For details visit www.agilent.com/find/basebandstudio.
- 5. Baseband Studio for waveform streaming and for fading both require a PC equipped with the Agilent N5101A Baseband Studio PCI card. The PCI card is not functional as a stand-alone product.

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<sup>2.</sup> Requires either Option 601 or 602 (baseband generator) to function.

## **Related Literature**

### **Application literature**

- *RF Source Basics*, a self-paced tutorial (CD-ROM), literature number 5980-2060E.
- Digital Modulation in Communications Systems—An Introduction, Application Note 1298, literature number 5965-7160E.
- Using Vector Modulation Analysis in the Integration, Troubleshooting and Design of Digital Communications Systems, Product Note, literature number 5091-8687E.
- *Testing CDMA Base Station Amplifiers*, Application Note 1307, literature number 5967-5486E.
- Understanding GSM/EDGE Transmitter and Receiver Measurements for Base Transceiver Stations and Their Components, Application Note 1312, literature number 5968-2320E.
- Understanding CDMA Measurements for Base Stations and their Components, Application Note 1311, literature number 5968-0953E.
- Testing and Troubleshooting Digital RF Communications Receiver Designs, Application Note 1314, literature number 5968-3579E.
- Signal Generators Vector, Analog, and CW Models, Selection Guide, literature number 5965-3094E.

#### **Product literature**



- *E4438C ESG Vector Signal Generator*, Brochure, literature number 5988-3935EN.
- *E4438C ESG Vector Signal Generator*, Configuration Guide, literature number 5988-4085EN.
- IntuiLink Software, Data Sheet, literature number 5980-3115EN.

#### E4438C ESG signal generation firmware personalities

- *3GPP W-CDMA (FDD) Pers*onalities Option 400, Technical Overview, literature number 5988-4449EN
- cdma2000 and IS-95A Personalities Option 401, Technical Overview, literature number 5988-4430EN
- GPS Personality Option 409, Technical Overview, literature number 5988-6256EN
- TDMA Personalities (GSM/EDGE/NADC/PDC/PHS/TETRA/DECT) Option 402, Technical Overview, literature number 5988-4431EN

#### E4438C ESG Signal Studio software personalities

- Signal Studio for 1xEV-DO Option 404, Technical Overview, literature number 5988-5459EN
- Signal Studio for 1xEV-DV and cdma2000 Option 414, Technical Overview, literature number 5988-9123EN
- Signal Studio for 802.11 WLAN Option 417, Technical Overview, literature number 5988-8618EN
- Signal Studio for Bluetooth Option 406, Technical Overview, literature number 5988-5458EN
- Signal Studio for Enhanced Multitone Option 408, Technical Overview, literature number 5988-5639EN
- Signal Studio for Noise Power Ratio Option 421, Technical Overview, literature number 5988-6552EN
- Signal Studio for TD-SCDMA (TSM) Option 411, Technical Overview, literature number 5988-6552EN

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